OCLOCK-ONE CENT.

POLICE ARE HARD HIT

O'Neill Charges Nine Detectives with Incompetency, Transfers Others.

CITY HALL TO BE PURGED

Council Names Committee of Nine Which Urges Public to Assist in General Clean-Up.

Following the appointment in the city council of an ad hoc committee of nine citizens to look into the management of the police force, a number of bold denunciations were made in the city hall, efforts were begun today to effect a cleaning out of the entire city department from cellar to Garrett. Chief O'Neill pronounced charges of laziness and inefficiency against nine detective sergeants. He also transferred eight patrolmen for the same reason, and resigned one to other duty. Commissioner of Public Safety Cantu suspended two patrolmen and transferred one detective, charging them with using leased taxicabs for their own personal gains. Chief O'Neill, in a statement submitted to the committee said that he had only begun to carry out the plans of his department and Commissioner Cantu intended that he would not rest until the detective sergeants actually changed their habits of being inefficient.

New Duties for Firemen

The positions assigned to elevator stations were: Edward W. Butler to the 12th president; R. P. Fitzgerald, 6th president; Patrick F. O'Hara, 8th president; John J. Ryan, 9th president; John J. Ryan, 10th president; John J. Ryan, 11th president; John A. Deane, detailed to the Roman Catholic.

Boston Times

The charge made in the motion to transfer the police department to the Roman Catholic.

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CRITICISMS MERIT BOARD

Western Star Declares Police Rules Civil Service Men

Defends the Aim and Organization of the League of Employed

Rep's Commission Members for Their Ignorance or Abuse of Law.

City civil service employees are controlled and administered by the League of Employed, Western Star attorneys for the Civil Service men. The Star's editor, Mr. Ross, asserted that the city hall police force is under the control of the League, and that no one in the city has any authority to control or direct them. The statement from Mr. Star to the result of the investigation of the Robbery of the Constance Hotel by the Western Star.

Another Speech Made

Mr. Star's statements were in reference to the investigation of the Robbery of the Constance Hotel by the Western Star.

INDIANS ARE FOR ROOSEVELT

Boston, Oct. 24—Representatives of the State Indians met here today to discuss the Indian question. Mr. Roosevelt was present and made a special statement on the subject. He declared that the policy of the Government was to encourage the development of the Indian lands and to promote their welfare. He stated that the Indian had a right to a share in the spoils of the country, and that the Government intended to see that he received his just due. The policy of the Government was to encourage the development of the Indian lands and to promote their welfare. He stated that the Indian had a right to a share in the spoils of the country, and that the Government intended to see that he received his just due. The policy of the Government was to encourage the development of the Indian lands and to promote their welfare. He stated that the Indian had a right to a share in the spoils of the country, and that the Government intended to see that he received his just due.
spirit to have said that the organization soon to be set up by the city and the men who get a civil service job should reflect it, regardless of the idea and the members are subjected to maintain the idea under the law as it stands on the books. The men who have been a civil service law shall be able to do his duty as he performs the duties of the position, without regard to the position itself or the city.

City Administration Arranged.

"There is an impression apparently prevalent in the city halls, undoubtedly inherited from a previous social state, that the man who occupies a position in the employment of the city belongs to the administration for all purposes of his public and private life. Larger and more personal contributions to political campaigns from political and political organizations by the city officials and the practice of certain political subventions not yet been eliminated. The flood of patronage and patronage which is peculiarly distributed by city officials among the city officials in all departments is a violation not only of the spirit of (law), but in more cases of the letter of the civil service law. The soul of intense partisans in public positions is not seldom unnecessarily feeds to this result."

Errors Learnt in Powell.

"Second reflections by President Powell of the civil service commission predicting the destruction of the civil service law if the course are to continue their practice of reversing the findings of the commission with reference to matters brought before them lead to the reflection that the worthy president of the commission is entirely mistaken as to the meaning of adverse court decisions.

"It may in time become evident to the civil service commission that decisions by courts of record reversing the findings of the commission can only become the commission fails to follow the law and ordinary rules of practice established by long experience for the determination of facts of facts under investigation.

Lawyers on Board Handed.

"It would seem entirely possible, with the commission composed of lawyers, to formulate a code of practice under which their findings of fact and their conclusions of law would not be so subject to reversal as an exception has shown in the case of the Chicago civil service commission.

"It has frequently been said that the civil service commission was subject to the purpose, the rule of jurisprudence a practice, not a mere a matter of procedure. It is probable the city can be used for the city's laws, but each revenue of the commission's findings are never received in recent years so far to support this conclusion.

"It is the object of the Chicago Civil Service Board to continue its work under the law that will allow it to make the civil service commission a living force in the administrative affairs of the city. The Chicago Civil Service law is not organized to advance the interests of its citizens or to protect incompetent or unsatisfactory city employees, but it does not, so far as it has the power, to see that the Chicago civil service law is enforced impartially and without reference to personal political advantage or personal political advantage of official standing on the part of city employees."

"The Chicago Civil Service commission is appointed in a manner which makes it clear that the law is regarded as a holy of holies, as a guide they will be of an organization such as the league.

"It is an illustration of the general attitude toward civil service of civil administration which have been called upon to administer this law, that situations involving the protection and authority of the civil service commission have led to be infringed by private individuals at their own expense, even in cases where the commission refused to believe that it had any authority to act, as, for example, in question now before the actual board of the city and the commission with reference to discipline of employees."
hereof the council citizens should be not- ific[ed] that the council wanted the council civil-service committee to make the in vestigation on the ground that it was part of that committee's duties. At this point there was a debate, with Alderman Jones arguing the resolu- tion by the uncertainty as to what would be the best course to pursue.

**Cullerton Demands Justice.**

Ald. Cullerton then made a speech pointing out the injustice of indiscriminate charges against city employees. He said children of servants of the city were being made to feel the brunt of these charges because of the cloud of suspicion surrounding their fathers. He shouted to the aldermen that if they had nothing to fear in the results of an inquiry and if the city council really was a reform body they would unqualifiedly support the Herrmann resolution and not dally with such a serious question.

Ald. Conlon attempted to block the resolu- tion and wanted to know who was to be investigated. "Whom do you suspect and whom are you going to investigate?" he asked. "No- body has been charged with anything. If you know that any one is crooked point him out." 

Ald. Powers suggested to Conlon that he make no threat to be investigated and the laughter which followed the remark was terminated by the motion from Ald. Herr- mann to suspend the rules and put the resolution on its passage. This was done unanimously. In arguing for his measure Ald. Herrmann declared that "where there is such smoke there must be some fire."

**Text of the Resolution.**

Following is the resolution as it was passed:

"Whereas, the public press recently has made much reference to charges reflecting upon the character and honesty of city em- ployees, and,

"Whereas, it is due to the said employees that a supreme opportunity of clear- ing themselves of suspicion; and it also being due to the public that a full and careful investigation should be made of and concerning said charges; therefore be it

"Resolved, That the mayor be and he is hereby directed and authorized to appoint an investigating committee, consisting of nine members of this council, to probe and inquire into the said charges, this commit- tee to have all power, right and authority to that end which this council may law- fully confer upon it, said committee at the conclusion of its labors to report its find- ing back to the council."

**Mayor Appoints Committee.**

Mayor Harrison appointed the following aldermen to compose the investigating committee:

- Herrmann, chairman. Pilschett.
- Dixon. Jowitakowski.
- Leachman. Hynes.
- Jones. Hellman.
- Bennett. McNeil.

After this plan had been decided the Al- d. Bennett came to the front with a resolu- tion by which it is intended to estab- lish an escrow in the municipal building to keep under surveillance all city-hall em- ployees. Following is the resolution:

"Whereas, The mayor has expressed to belief that infidelity to the city's interests exists among some of the employees of the various departments; and,

"Whereas, it is unjust that the mis- faithful employees of the city should suffer from such a general charge; and,

"It is the opinion of the greatest public im- portance that the unfaithful emplo}
Public Asked to Assist.

"Upon public opinion and public support will depend largely the outcome of the work assigned the special council committee appointed to investigate the charges of "graft" in the city hall. The committee is ready to hear any charges that may be made, either by private citizens or by city hall employees. All confidences will be respected.

"Any citizen in Chicago who has any charges to make against a city hall employee can do so by writing to me either at the city hall or at my office, 22 LaSalle street," said Ald. Ernst F. Herrmann, chairman of the council committee, today. "The committee will convene for its first meeting at 10 o'clock Thursday morning. The methods it will follow will be decided by the full committee at that time. Any information sent to me or to the committee will be held confidential. The greatest power the committee has is based solely upon public opinion. We are anxious to carry out the intent and purpose of the resolutions to the fullest extent and to do this we must have the support of the people." In this case Herrmann was backed up by Ald. Silas Leachman and Michael Zimmer.

Power of Council Limited.

"The difference between a council and a legislative body is this," said Ald. Herrmann, "lies in the fact that the latter is a law unto itself and can enact laws to compel the appearance of witnesses and the production of books and papers by passing law to that effect. The city council has by such power in such matters as has been delegated to it by the legislature.

"The right for our committee to compel witnesses to appear and to produce books and papers does not exist only so far as we are able, through superior officers, to induce city employees to appear and testify, a civil-service board is in session, and, so far as I know, if charges are made and sustained the city will eventually get there when a full investigation can be had. We shall send employees, if we find a witness necessary, to be of use to us and will find a way to make them talk. It may be necessary for the committee to employ the services of the city to assist it, but we will go as far as we can with investigation."

Ald. Herrmann concluded by saying he feared that all communications which ens might wish to have with him of a confidential character would be first by letter. "I do not want to come to see me until I send for you," he said.

Mayor Willing to Testify.

Mayor Harrison expressed much satisfaction over the action of the council last night and agreed to go before the committee of investigation. He said: "I have practically all I know, in one way or other, and if the committee wants to come from me in a formal way I will be glad to go before it. I am sure that my sentiments have borne fruit. They have plainly brought out a lot of investigation, the public know what the conditions are and put a "crisp" in such trials as the last hearing. That trial should have been put on the very day that the evidence as given that Gildea accepted money in the water company.

It has also brought attention to what happen again in just such a case as of Lieut. Joyce, who was found guilty.


CITY EMPLOYES TELL OF GRAFT

Engineers De Long and Goe- 
bel, on Trial, Make Chief 
McDonnell Defendant.

TAXED FOR "SLUSH FUND" Intimation That Even This Is Sometimes Diverted for Private Purposes.

Charges of graft flew thick and fast last night in the court of the city engineers, John De Long and Louis Goebel, before the civil service commission. How to save the city from the wastefulness of its employees, and the facts of the matter are being suspended and discharged for failure to con- tinue to the bar of the testimony. Though it was a hearing of charges of dereliction of duty preferred against the engi-
cners by Chief Engineer P. E. McDonnell of the Pullman avenue pumping station, it was the chief engineer who was really on trial last night. In substitution of their defense that they were suspended for continuing against the "slush fund" demands, Goebel and De Long related McDonnell's attempt to compel them to contribute and his threats of punishment if they refused.

HINT OF CAMPAIN FUND DIVERTED.

Attorneys: The city's money is being diverted to private use were involved in the testi-
y of Charles Baker and James Shaw who declared that McDonnell commands his aus- cious campaign funds. In the main, the testimony of the city's money is being diverted to private use were involved in the testi- ny of Charles Baker and James Shaw who declared that McDonnell commands his aus-
cious campaign funds. In the main, the testimony of the city's money is being diverted to private use were involved in the testi- ny of Charles Baker and James Shaw who declared that McDonnell commands his aus-

Long Delay in Repairing.

The Long delay in the repairs of the Pullman avenue pumping station was cleared from Jan. 10 to April 15 for the purchase of the necessary equipment and the work is completed in eight days. This is the work ordered by the city and with labor paid for by the city.

Goebel told the same story of the Waltka

Ehler Tells His Story.

"I was an engineer at the old bridge pumping station, and it was for four or five weeks, I had the contract for unloading the coal at the pump-
ing station. McDonnell had been making the claim that the coal was not being delivered to the city and that he was losing money from it. I found that it was not the case, but I did not want to make trouble, so I continued the job.

Then, a little later, McDonnell handed me a new contract for the same work. I took it and was paid for it. I returned the contract, but I couldn't do anything about it because I didn't want to make a fuss. I continued the job.

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Commissioner Is Charged with Accepting Money for the Campaign Fund.

GRAND JURY MAY GET CASE—All Departments Are Hit—Pay Roll is "Stuffed," Says "Nine"

A prima-facie case of accepting $20 for the campaign fund, is said to have been made against Commissioner of Public Works Frederick W. Block before Assistant State's Attorney Long, who say they contributed $20 to the Harrison campaign and another $20 to the Grove and DeLong campaign in connection with the civil-service concessionaries. Each of the two contributions was said to have been made by a man named T., who said he had invested money in the campaign fund.

WITNESS'S TELL THEIR STORY.

Assistant State's Attorney Long said Mr. Block, who had not appeared before him, was the man who had contributed $20 to the campaign fund.

As soon as the charge was known, however, Assistant State's Attorney Long was hurriedly called to the witness stand and sworn to the subject.


clock one-cent

BLOCKI ON THE SPIT

STARR PRESENTS EVIDENCE

Do Not Write by Lawyer.

The trouble, and plain, is that with entire confidence in

hopelessly in legal matters. The lawyer may not only be

be "written" by the attorney, unless he is a man who has

been a lawyer for many years, and who has taken much time in

practice in the courts.

The proper course is to

written for the purpose of

of the civil-service concessionaries, in a Billy of not less

than $1,000 or six months

in jail or both.

PAY ROLLS UNDER FIRE.

Pay rolls under fire, and there is no

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GRAFT HITS AT BLOCKI

Acused of Accepting Campaign Money From Civil Service Employees.

NEW FIELD FOR INQUIRY

Committee Holds a Secret Emergency Session—"Dummies" on the Pay Roll.

"Twenty dollars was paid by 10 to the Com- missioner of Public Works aboard a Special April 8th as a contribution to the campaign fund."

The Brown Baggers, members of the Harrison-Crowley Tammany cabal, have been accused of the above extortion. But most of the details of the transaction remain a secret. The tax that was paid is not known, but it is believed that the money came from a local bank. The transaction was witnessed by four witnesses, all members of the cabal.

Evidence of the letter was furnished to the city council yesterday, and the council did not take any action.

"The tax was paid by four witnesses, all members of the cabal."

ACCUSED FOR PARTY FUND

De Long and Gossel are accused at the Paseo Avenue pumping station under suspicion of cheating on the lockers brought by P. H. McDonald, chairman of the city's park commission.

They are having a hearing before the board. De Long told the payment to Blocki after he had testified to McDonald's asking him, in the city hall, for a contribution from him.

"I said: 'I couldn't pay that much, but I'll give $500,'" said the witness. "McDonald then

investigated the funds he had received from the city and found that the money had been paid to Blocki. The witness was then called into the courtroom and his name was discussed.

CHIEF O'NEILL EXPLAINS

"We have found nothing in the amount of $500 contributed to the city from the sale of the lockers."

In answering charges that central detectives have been operating for the benefit of the city, the chief of detectives said that the $500 was paid to Blocki as a contribution.

"We have found nothing in the amount of $500 contributed to the city from the sale of the lockers."

NEW YORK, April 23, 1905.

HIT THE MULTI BILL

Western Starr Calls Norden Measure "Wishy Washy" and Useless.

UPHOLDS THE CHICAGO LAW

Declares It Works Well and Gives Improved Service—Plea for Grain Dealers.

SPECIAL Dispatch from a Staff Correspondent.

Springfield, Ill., Feb. 12.—Western Starr, representing the Chicago Civil Service Reform League, attacked the Norden-Farley civil service bill to-day in an address be- fore the Illinois State Grain commission on civil service. He de- clared that the system under which the Norden-Farley civil service bill would be "wishy-washy" bill which means nothing.

The speaker said that if he were to be a law passed at this session of the legislature it should be one worthy of the name.

"I am loath to say to any state institutions who were less of an institution than another."

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President Pollard and Member Ernest Disagree at White House.

Dinner between the administration and the World Superintendent White lasted before the meat board reached a climax yesterday, but the spirit of cooperation was so in process of exploitation that the administration was satisfied, pleased with the administration of a relief by President Pollard to Commissioner Ernest.

Attorney Western Barr sought to introduce a witness to show that no one received a third-party ward employee, had been promulgated by the World Superintendent White's position by his brother who promised the employee should succeed in having White succeed. President Pollard declared the facts most govern the case and that this evidence would not be introduced. Mr. Herr replied that it would also impose the veracity of these witnesses. We shall not permit Mr. Powell, but that go, character of every witness not on the subject, President Poolard said.

"You have a right to disagree with what they say, but no right to say what you say..." The President concluded, "The professional members of this commission have a right to disagree..." The President explained to the committee, "You need not vote away, Mr. President," Commissioner Ernest concluded.

"In any event, I do not wish to embarrass any member of the commission, he read out my appeal," Attorney Herr said. "I will not bear the responsibility of the matter." Commissioner Ernest said. President Poolard reposed it.

"If you have to do this..." Commissioner Ernest said. "You have to give us something from you as to when I shall go..."

NUNG, MARCH 15, 1904.

HULL HOUSE AS LAW'S FOE.

Attorney Says It Seeks Misconduct of Merit Act.

Western Barr Makes the Accusation Before Civil Service Board.

Appointment of C. S. Clarke as Sanitary Chief Demanded.

Commissions Will Investigate Question Ability of Old Soldier.

An attempt on the part of Hull to obtain a recommendation of the court services was charged yesterday afternoon by William Poolard before the board by William Poolard. The board by William Poolard to the charges which the commission is acting against Clarke and bitterly opposed to his appointment said that for that reason was seeking a wrong interpretation of the law to do as much damage as possible.

Hull house board prevailed on the commission some time ago when the country to take the examination for the head of the bureau, but the question involved in the position required technical knowledge and experience of an unusual grade and the safeguards of public health in a liberal interpretation of the law.

Mister Charles W. Clarke.

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EXECUTIVE ASKS RETURN OF ACCESS TO CITY HALL.

Saloon-keeper tells of tribute paid by Bluecoats.

Mayor Harrison was severely criticized yesterday for refusing to permit a thorough investigation of the police department. The mayor, who was the target of the graft investigators’ action in commanding an investigation of the police force by persons who have watched the investigation to mean a large exposure which may result.

The mayor yesterday visited the committee to return to the inspection bureau, and the members became so anxious that they decided to conclude their work. It is pointed out that the present committee is not able to devote time to a thorough investigation which would require the appointment of another body to carry out the work of the city’s experts. The mayor said the committee’s association is not in the position for sitting, remarked Secretary Pacheco in reply to the mayor’s statement that the committee’s association is an expensive one. The mayor declared that the mayor’s association is a matter of fact. The director of the inspection bureau was asked to make any further comment on the mayor’s desire that the mayor’s association should continue the inspection bureau.

If the committee has been instrumental in leading the committee to act, said Attorney Healy in his reply, it is the duty of the mayor to make an explanation. The mayor is not entitled to any money. He was also asked by the mayor on the mayor's behalf to make an explanation. The judge declared that the mayor's association is a matter of fact. The director of the inspection bureau was asked to make any further comment on the mayor’s desire that the mayor’s association should continue the inspection bureau.

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MCDONNELL IS SUSPENDED.

Follero's Avenue Pumping Engineer

Owed for Follero's Avenue pumping station, charged with "permitting the station to become demoralized," was suspended yesterday by the civil service commission by a suspension for fifteen days.

To avoid "demoralization" of the station, the station was closed down after it was charged. The money was placed in an escrow account and in the hands of the auditor when he called.

RAPS AT CIVIL SERVICE BILL.

Western Star Deeds New Bill Will Not Give Employers License for Fair Trial.

[BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT]

CHITOSAN WALKS CHARGE.

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THE DAILY N

national examinations if we expect to get
them. We know we are secure in our pos-
tions until we do some wrong. Hence we
are very careful to do our very best and not
jeopardize that which we have worked
hard to obtain. At the same time, we do
not have to lose our minds, our rights as
American citizens to think and to do as we
like in political, social and religious
matters. We can make campaign subscrip-
tions or not, as we think best. We don’t
have to buy tickets to political picnics or
dances if we don’t want to. We believe
we are of some use to the community and
we are proud of it. But if we should be put
at the mercy of some one who by political
means happens to land above us in rank,
who, because he helped elect some one
mayor, becomes suddenly qualified to run
a great department, what would happen?
The best of us would quit in disgust. Every
one would have to have a “pull” to stay at
work. Disciplinary would be gone, incentive
would disappear and an incredibly short
time the old, disgusting conditions under
the apital system would reappear.
It is not my purpose to go into a discus-
sion of the law relative to political assess-
ments and contributions. We all know
the law. We also know that it is broken con-
stantly in spirit if not in the letter by
heads of departments and weak-kneed em-
ployers who still are under the old influence.
We also know how hard it is to get in-
dictments and convictions under the law.
And we who have principle in the matter
simply do—The Daily News correspond-
ent of Feb. 9 did—refuse to give up.
We are discharged for the
same reason, that, although we
realize that we become marked for slaugh-
ter on the slightest provocation.

PHILIP STIRLING.

CHICAGO CIVIL SERVICE.

In a recent editorial in The Daily News
We the Power of Discharge a civil-service
clerk in the city hall tells of his experi-
ence in connection with a campaign con-
tributed and The Daily News reports it,
quoting the law on the subject. Now,
we have a record of nine years’ experience, after a thorough, careful study of
the civil-service problem from a practi-
cal as well as a theoretical viewpoint,
with an absolutely clear record as a faith-
ful, competent and valuable public servant,
with the same feeling that The Daily News
has, that “conditions under which the
work is done should not be so bad that
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JOSEPH MENARD

Joseph Menard, a notorious safe blower and "sharpman," whose operations have embraced much of the West, is a prisoner at the Central station. He was once tried in Iowa in connection with a $12,000 bank robbery.

The capture today was effected by Detectives Bailey, Oldmore, O'Malley, and O'Connell of detective headquarters. These officers went to Menard's home at 186 Shrubfield avenue with information having reached the police that Menard was there.

Detective O'Connell knocked at the door. In a few minutes Menard appeared, resisting arrest.

INSPECTOR TELLS OF ROUTINE.

There were humorous passages between the sergeant and a witness when Building Inspector William Curran was called to explain certain violations of the building ordinance in his district, which is west Rockwell street, north of West 12th street and south of the river. It was learned from Curran that he spends his weekings about the city hall and does not go into his territory until afternoon. He said he had a horse and buggy for which he paid $500 and made the inspections by driving around, as the street-car facilities were poor.

"Is it common for men to try to influence you?" asked Chairman Herrmann.

"I don't know."

"They bother me a little. If they want anything like that, they have to go to headquarters," he said. Curran said he was informed of important violations immediately and that he visited the places of erection at least three times a week. He said for examining Curran that the building inspector received his permitting violations in the erection of buildings, and that he had not paid his fees. Curran testified he stopped the work and it did not proceed until he was ordered to "let it go" by Commissioner of Buildings Williams. He further testified that the contractor had agreed to put the proper foundation under a second permit.

NO VIOLATIONS, NO REPORTS.

"If you make a report every day of your work, you'll be called."

"But unless there is something doing.

"This provoked a laugh."

"What do you mean by that expression?"

"I mean unless there are violations."

"How many buildings in your territory were built in violation of the ordinances?"

"I don't know."

"I should not. I could not answer.

Munger's Laundry does the best and quickest work in Chicago. Tel. 212 S.
Citizens' Association to All

It leaked out only to-day that the executive committee had formally constituted the Citizens' association through its chairman, Ald. Herrmann, 3, 11, 11, in the

Department. This association held its meeting this afternoon at the home of J. T. H., and it was expected that some substantial information will be released at the associate's annual report meeting this afternoon.

The association's annual report proved to be an interesting document. The work of the association for the year was reviewed, and the three bulletins issued by the association in the light of its work are presented. The bulletin issued on July 20, 1911, was the result of the necessity for legislation. Providing six additional judges for the city courts, it was also made by the judges, at the request of the Citizens' association.

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