Man S. R. Longley

July 30th

Dear Sir,

In common with other Democrats, a few days since we addressed you in relation to the confirmation of the Bench Vissin. A fulsome puff on Vissin written by John Appleton and inserted in the "Washington Star" has been copied into the "Bancroft Union" with comments to be sent back to Washington as a Maine endorsement. The Union is owned by Vissin and with the exception of one other is the only paper in Maine that would publish such stuff.

The consider it of importance that this man Vissin should be rejected. The evidence of his unsuitability is conclusive and there is another reason. Our State Convention is to be held in June and elects four delegates to Charleston—we wish it to be as unanimous as possible—Vissin with $2,000 a year and a paper can "make trouble" without it he is harmless. We do not want you to take any position to influence yourself—you interests are ours—and unless you are supported by other influential Democratic Senators take no part in the
matter, but if you can kill him
you will be helping your friends instead.
We have written to you as if
old friends—friends you will know us
to be and whatever course you deem
necessary to take we shall join
no fault will

truly yours

E. W. {illegible}

A. Hayford
E. W. Flower
A. Hayford
Baron
Put. 20
About Wiggins
Answered
March 27
Fort Rock's Oregon Territory
July 20th 1857

Sirs, L. A. Douglas

I have long contemplated addressing you, hoping that, perhaps, I might get you to use your influence in advancing my interests; but knowing you were engaged in a political contest, which occupied much of your time, I thought it better to wait till it was over, when you would probably be more at leisure. That contest is now ended, and that most triumphantly to yourself and your party; I therefore venture to trust myself upon your notice; coming from the same town with him and being well acquainted with Thomas A. Harris, I thought if he had been living at this time, have asked him to use his influence jointly with yourself, which he has frequently told me that he would be most glad to do. There are now of my class (1853) only three or four who are not pretty well up in the list of 1st Lieutenant, one is at the head — we'll probably be promoted within this year. There are many very good
Many of them who graduated two years after me who are now 1st Lieutenants, while I am still a 2nd LT and must remain so unless I can get your aid, for the Captains of this Regiment are on an average the youngest in the whole Army. So it will be difficult to be promoted in the course of two or three years that I have been in the Army. The following are some of the appointments which I should like to have by and they come in the order in which I would prefer them, the first one raised one permanent which I much very much, not for myself but for:

1st. 1st Lieutenant in the environs of first vacancy.

2nd. If any other appointments are raised having this is the second best.

3rd. If any other appointments of the same rank are raised having this is the third best.

I have been in the frontier service since I graduated the only time I have ever been in the States was in '55 when I happened to be at the election of Hon. S. Harris to Congress and I went with him up to Springfield when I had the pleasure of meeting you. I never thought I should be going from the Rio Grande to California and have never been back since. Neither have I ever had more than a few days leave of absence under those circumstances. I hope you will not regard my request as urgent.

Illinois is not largely represented in the Army or Navy and our forces have been few during the war. I think one of them is either the Adjutant, Capt. the Quartermaster or lubricous Department, and I believe she is the only state who cannot claim some of their appointments.

Hoping that you will give my request your earliest attention and desiring that it may succeed, I am yours very respectfully.

To S. A. Douglas

W. L. Summer

Washington, D.C.
To H. Parker
E. A. Strong
Fort Hoskins
Oregon
Feb'ly 20, 1859

Ask aid for promotion
Chicago Feb 20th 39

To Hon.

Stephen A. Douglas

Dear Sir,

Having no way getting Publick Documents of the description that I wanted I thought I ought to go and get some. I would like it if you would be so kind as to send me the Patent Office Reports of 1837 and 1838 on Agriculture and Mechanism and you will oblige.

Hon. S. A. Douglas

Chicago

W. C. B. 4 II 80
New York, February 20th, 1839.

Mr. Secretary,

When you were last here, I informed you that I was interested in a claim on the Government that my friends, who are interested with me, were at that time in Washington trying to settle a claim there with the Secretary of the Navy. Mr. Martin, whom I informed, was determined to determine the amount due to us. He did not, however, give us an answer to that time, every encouragement that the issue of our claims. He has never said determined to refer to Congress. Yet therefore becomes necessary that we should have an opportunity to present the members, especially the senators, that we may fully explain, that we understand by this time, if we can do so, we have no fear of failure in securing their favors, influence to have it done. The claim arises
a report made by General Joseph Smith, head of the Bureau of Lands, to the President, which is executed in every particular, is placed before him as if he were the lawyer of the Government, not an umpire between [illegible] the claimant; in conversation he has admitted all through the justice of fairness of the claim; but in reporting to the Secretary, his bias is decided against it. I doubt not has influenced the Secretary so favourably to the extent to consider it may injure as therein. Countenanced by members like Mr. Douglas, who are independent in the discharge of their duty except in the spirit for troubling me in this matter, to be opposed that I shall take very great pleasure in reciprocating it in any way. Very truly yours,

Franklin

[Signature]
Sir at Illinois,
July 21st 1869

Hon. S. Douglas

My dear Sir,

I reply to your letter of the 17th inst., which has been referred to my attention. I have been instructed by the President to reply to your letter, and I am to do so in the language of the Constitution, and in the form of a letter, signed by me, as your part and present. I am in the same situation as you, and I am bound to do as you have done, in the language of your letter.
From a lawfully established platform of firm chair, and mind now "Marvelous Upon Thought," like to casting up for bearing opened the eyes of the enemy, and portrayed in prior Atonis to the world to their minds and political treason.

This of draft would constitute the anomaly of men in alien place to see them alive, as others are there, but what on lead to the cafe are really denounced, again representative, and high Executive offers, unity in the same for mighty purpose, and contrast it into the unconstitutible signs of the prince of the people to sustain one; then in the A. Your portion must be regarded as singularly anomalous, and all risks substantiate applicable wholly according to the necessities of your care.

Off you will be told by some claiming your confidence, so that you cannot
get the Charleston nomination; and
by others that you would
lose the best interests of your party
and friends, by withholding your
name; such advice and opinons—
you should regard
as the Centrism of an Enemy.

Get the Pendleton with his acustics and
abettors with his half misgaged
half taught tools. Continue this
simple and unfacade scheme
whilst he penetrates the heart of
the people with a sense of
the mode is sought to be perfest
perfused in their name
you are in the fearing where
true of public apperation. The
people are with you; and
for you; and it is only merely
to organize their price, to
hear them heard at Charleston
and at Washington.
A certain clump of political office holders have been regarded as the true and proper exponents of party wishes and party interests, but your success depends upon hanging a third clump into the field. With your help the South has a fair deal of the people of the State, with an undue proportion of a certain kind of intellect of a certain kind and his confederates, are to control the Constitution. Then indeed will your prospects be fair and all the other aids and aids through such schemes of duplicity, with the aid of the North, but it will be done without the aid of the South. Coaching in the nature of the subject, I have advertised for primary purposes among the people of a North South Union. Excuse for primary purposes themselves must be drawn. She then got up to strike at once, and undoubtedly to control the Charleston Convention, kind of a faction Southern minority.
What we protection the Constitution of the United States may be supposed to extend to slavery in the territory must be extended alike to slavery in the state, the Constitution must contain a sort of latent protection such as evidence alone can announce. It is a sort of protection which reflects itself in the face of James Madison, and in Adams's. Domestic insurrection and rebellion is the same sort of protection which is extended to every man also embraceworthy of man as the language of the local law, or in any linea usage fairly to be presumed. The state constitutions prevailed by many years the formation of the Federal Compact. By those constitutions governments their organized, and the legislatures entrusted with a great power to the which the public good argued this power had been
encumbered in all the states. The
rights of persons and property, public
and private property, which furnish
all the materials for local and
municipal law, had been kept
defined. Still remain a Federal
Government as defined essential
and because the state institutions were
effective, and required amendment
but became a system of local
defined, was inexpedient, in order
to secure perpetually to each state
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for any other purpose—must be
submissive of the power of the states
and the rights of the people
When even a state or other local
government is unable to protect life,
liberty or property as guaranties of the
local laws. A contingency such as
is contemplated by the origin and
nature of the Federal Compact, has
arisen, which awakens the serious
feeling of the people to strike. The
General system of defense
The idea of an act of
Congress to protect slavery in the
Unites, as I was to intend to
create a Clemency for your
special directions, hoping as you
may be forced to choose the northern
or southern heros. You will advice
the southern or northern choice
Main exerted by superior genius and
greater fortune, an innocency shoult
take another advice from up
factors all mingled in the light of
Censure, or to consider it as unquestioning
that judgment, which has been found
by every but the knowlege
of human pain. I venture with
proper deference to give long deference
in a mature judgment to say that
you cannot support such a proposition
creating with your powers position
and since the hope of the part
if your Enemies, that you may then
make the centre from your suffr
That if your enemies attack thy
into force, you and many others
with others in this matter, but
take both honors up, of the
trustworthy, just, and, and lay them
at the foot of the antinomial
platform, and from exhibit the
mature and honest, being as
a type of greater importance, and
other political circumstances
The various arms of the centre
the eleven common, a California sandling and
other features in a majority, those
the elegy of land, of smarts and
hold it at the discretion of the
of the Congress names and nature
of a Presidential Candidates.
They would regard, that the subject
of electing Congressmen for the Senate,
and it must have been fast over for
the Senate. Shall it may give
Vive to grantees, demoralizing the
of election, around wholly immortal.
At the present time, but companies
in Accord of their tendency to promote
the principle, and consequent decision
I would advise that the whole sugar
stand when it is made safely and
leaving anchored upon the immediate
basis of the power and capacity of
the people. This principle into granting
some immortality to life its own
That also
Dr. Mr. Francis, is an enemy to good men and
living principles. His own company
stands like its own parents, to its sister's
spirit in your name. Should all
means be avoided
you have all the capital
you can invest and manage
profitably. And for the sake of
your country let it become
unmedly so that two good
institutions are challenged in one
bad one. Let the books be
tried and procured with the
organism, without another
Holland stock. The lines have
been drawn by the President
and his friends—let us form
upon them, with the guarantee for
our motives. We have stood up
under the ambush blood of the
athletic man—We him faced
without shaming, and without
fear the invisible beings of
The entire nation, and every
free and lawful citizen by the
moral law of the age, and the great
tests of our time, is in the main, upon
he shall emulate the example of
his own illustrious father—let his
heirs be shown that the pillars
of the temple may stand as
monuments of our political
integrity.

No one I am sure would refuse
more than myself, if some practical
means could heal the wounds
which the thirstings of contention
— and unite once more our divided
ranks, in the bonds of a real
and public harmony; but I
aspire of such a result, and as
one who indurate upon the part
of your friends. The exploded doctrine
of [illegible] of humanity, and [illegible]
You have in your ear
the persecution of our favorite Sires, or a rampant heart. Give all
with un-broken spirit and observed
opposition—taking to your confidence
Their only justified and approved
value.

Chain me a deep gyve this long
letter as a friend, further seeking
or hoping for favour or reward
but actuated, by a pure heart,
and heart felt desire, to promote your
ultimate triumph, upon the
eternal truths of the inherent right
of man to select that form of
government, but adapted to his habits,
taste and location, limited only by
the Constitution of our country, and
the forms of Republican government.

With my best wishes

And link again to Mrs. B., you may
receive a call for your graces,

Assurances of my best respects.

Jas. Irvingham
Feb. 20, 1839

Political

[Handwritten note: Jan. 6. Singleton, Lomay]

[Handwritten note: -ed Mar. 30]
To Mr. Austin
Lake Mills
Jefferson Co.
Wis.
Feb. 21. 1857

Leake Mills Jefferson Co. Wisconsin
Feb 21st 1857


Sir:

Permit me to trouble you with a request which I hope your Honors will be pleased to grant, and in order that you may more fully understand my request—perhaps it would be as well for me to explain to you my situation. I claim to be a National Democrat in every sense of the word and for my integrity the party have given me the office of Post Master at this place, and in connection, or at least in the same building, I have a circulating library, and I feel anxious to procure all the books that would be of utility for the reading community, and as I am of the opinion that there is in Washington a quantity of public documents in the Department, which is intended for distribution, my request is that...
You take a little trouble and send to my address as many of those "public notices" as would be of utility to my self or the Reading Community. By doing you would be conferring a favor on your humble servant as well as the neighborhood.

If I should or wrote to some of the representatives of the state, but they have no sympathy for me for venerating as they do that I done all I could in opposition to their election. But thanks to kind Providence we will have one good Democrat in the next Congress. — Charles B. Taft. A true and loyal Democrat who will be an honor to our State as well as to the party to which he belongs.

Respectfully yours,

G.W. Austin
Lady Mills Jefferson Co.
Wisconsin
Feb 21st 1859

Dear Sir,

Would you be so kind as to send me a copy of the last Patent Office Report. Mechanical post.

Respectfully Yours,
Samuel G. Black
Prairie City
Douglas County
Kansas.
J. C. Blake
Prairie City
N. Y.

Feb. 28,

Received your letter.
FARMER TOWNSHIP, BUTLER CO. Feb. 21, 1839

Sir: You will confer a favor by sending me, agricultural report of patent office for 1857, 1858, and a package of King Philip's corn. Very respectfully yours,

David A. Connell

P.S. More to Bernardotto.
I. A. Connell
Bernadotte
Ill.
Feb. 21.
\underline{Asking Patent Office}
\underline{Report & seed}
\underline{Send}
Providence, R.I., Feb. 21, 1859.

Mr. S. A. Douglas,
Washington City.

Sir: I am desirous of obtaining a copy of the last published "Congressional Globe" containing the Kansas debates. If you can procure a copy I shall be much obliged.

Very Respectfully,
Your obedient Servant,

Rev. A. Dockray,

in Behalf of the "W. Brown Associates."
B. A. Forkeyn

Hondine

R. E. B. R. I.

Ires
If sent you a few lines some time ago and have received no answer yet.
And I ask your candid advice on the matter according to the statement of my other letter in your hands and you shall be well paid for your trouble out of the first one of the pile of 10.

Of what you can get for me as I wrote to you and did not give my post office address in it so give it in this

Ripton, Cedar County, Iowa, to more at this time. But still remain your true friend until death.

Honourable Col. Douglas Sister Everhart.
February 21st 18__

To the Most Honorable
Stephen A. Douglas
Sen in hand this morning to beg
A few lines to again to ask for
Information concerning my Services
in the Army of the United States for
Which I can't yet my pay. I am a
Poor man with a large family and
I ask you to favor me by getting up
a Relief bill for my Benefit & I
Can send a Petition to Your Honors
With from one to Six hundred
Signers to it from you and others
Corton, Feb. 21st, 1859

Hon. S. A. Douglas

Sir,

I wish to obtain some documents bearing on the doctrine of Popular Sovereignty. During the session of the Kansas act Mr. Stuart was our member of congress and he flooded this district with abolition documents. Not one of your speeches was put by him. I want, if it is possible, your speech of the 3rd of March 1854, and will be thankful for anything else that might be of consequence in maintaining the doctrine. There has been quite an altercation in the neighborhood growing out of a debate on that subject, and I have to meet my competitor on the 10th of March again, and would like to be prepared to make a clean sweep of him.

Yours in haste,

Geonium P. Farrell
Corton
Jefferson County
Ohio
Calvin Terrall
Croton
Smythville, February 22nd, 1857

Hon. Stephen A. Douglas

Dear Sir:

I will pardon me for the liberty I take in addressing a note to you before I became personally acquainted with you. My principal object in writing to you at this time, is to have you send me your speeches on the repeal of the "Missouri Compromise" together with such other documents as show the wisdom and justness of that repeal. We have a Lyceum here and the question, for discussion the first evening in March, is this - Was the repeal of the Missouri Compromise justifiable? We are on the affirmative of the question and one must to justify
This side against free soil or abolition attacks that may be made upon it by those on the negative side of the question. The feeling in this locality is decided by its harmony with your friends of slavery and Kansas affairs as expressed in Congress and during the celebrated "Illinois Campaign." A short note from you would be highly prized and carefully preserved. wishing you success in the broad, fraternal principles which you advocate I will close by subscribing myself

Yours respectfully,

Wm. A. Field

Direct to Schuykill Co. Penna.
Sandoval 21st July 1859

Hon. S. A. Douglas
Dear Sir,

Having been a citizen of Ills for several years and never having read a congressional paper or document, I take the liberty of requesting you (as a favor) to send me a copy of the patent reports. I am an Egyptian by adoption and want to be enlightened on the progress of the arts and sciences of this my adopted country. Hoping I am not asking too much from one whom I respect both from your position and opinions which fully accord with my own, I remain with greatest respect.

Yours very truly,

J. A. Steffen

I am personally acquainted with the above, I know him all right - no question here - all weight on politics and a paddy handkerchief. This is strong democracy, you can trust me - all my documents you can send to as, all be faithfully received. Hoping to own hear from you remain my respect.

Yours truly

J. F. McElmang
P. M. Sandoval.
Mr. P. H. Douglas
U. S. Senate
Chicapa, Feb. 21, 1859

My dear Sir,

A bill is before Congress to allow the owners of property adjacent to the Government lines to use their property for commercial purposes by giving the Revenue Banks to the government to keep the fine of the same. My friend and partner, W. B. Ogden, Sr., has given me the proposal of this bill (which relates to your lines and the property adjacent thereto). I own a large interest in this property, and it is a matter of considerable importance to me that it should be permitted to me to use the property as to make it profitable and any influence which you may be able to exercise to promote the passage of the bill will confer upon me a very great favor.

While paying you, I must be permitted to present the kindest regards of my family to Mr. Douglas & yourself. It is a gratifying thing to think that any favorite estate may be remembered by you. Sincerely yours,

[signature]
C. H. Fleetwood
Chicago, Ill.
Feb. 21.
Chicago River
An Act, to enable the owners of property fronting on the Government Piers at Chicago, to use the same for Commercial purposes, and to keep the same in repair.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate & House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That any person or persons, or any body politic and corporate, owning property on, or adjoining the Government Piers so called, on either side of the Chicago River, and Harbor, in the City of Chicago, and State of Illinois, may and shall have the right, hereafter, during the pleasure of the Government, to use, and occupy, and at his, their, or its own expense, to repair the Pier in front of and adjoining his, their, or its Land or Property, and to dredge out the Channel in front thereof, on giving his, their, or its Bond, to protect, and preserve the Pier upon, or in front of his, their, or its respective Premises, from all injury, arising from such use, and occupation of such Pier.
Section 2d. and be it further enacted, That any person, or any body politic and corporate owning property fronting on, or adjoining the Government Wharves, on either side of the Chicago River and Harbor, in the City of Chicago and State of Illinois, being desirous of enlarging the Commercial facilities of said River and Harbor, and Property, may and shall hereafter have the right, to cut an entrance slip or canal from his, their, or its land, lots or basins through the said Government Wharves into the Chicago River and Harbor, on giving a good and sufficient Bond, to be approved, as in this act provided, Conditioned, that he, they, or it, will maintain said Mer in good order and so protect said entrance, slip, or Canal that no injury shall result to the Chicago River, or Harbor, by reason of, or in consequence of such entrance, slip or Canal, having been cut through said Mer-Wharves.

Section 3d. And be it further enacted, That the Bonds mentioned in this act shall be approved by the Judge of the United States District Court for the Northern District of Illinois, and be filed with the Clerk of Said Court.
Centralia Ill.
Feb 24, 1859

I. H. Gilmore

Ashley Atlee

To J. A. Douglass

Please send me some public documents. I am a nephew of J. D. Wood, your right hand counsellor in Egypt.

Yours &

J. H. Gilmore
Febr. 25. 1857

Dear Sir,

I am aware that I take a very great liberty in addressing you, but I trust you will pardon me.

I have for a long time been engaged in collecting autographs of distinguished Americans and it would give me very great pleasure to be able to add yours to my collection.

If you would have the kindness to lend it to me you must confer a great favor.

Very respectfully,

Your most obedient servant,

Edward Kernick

To Hon. Stephen A. Douglas

W. S. Senate
Jacksonville, Ills. Feb 21st 1867

Dear Sir,

Will you do me the favor to send me a copy of "Pony Island Expedition" by dedoping you will confer a great favor on me.

Yours sinc.

Geo. W. B.
Gen. A. Hite
Jacksonville
Mch. 21, Ill.
Ashup's Cres
Cincinnati Feb 21st Monday 1859

Dear Judge

I have just had a long talk with Mr. G. Bright, who still professes to be your friend and leave here this afternoon for Washington, and will call on you. I told him of the many kind things I told you said of him. I find however, that Hunter is his first choice, but believe that he would be willing to fall back on Joe Lane. Your friends here believe that Lane will be your main competitor, he is extremely sensitive in his views which it is thought will catch the South. His relations with the West and his Mexican War services and his absence of any political record it is thought will secure him Northern votes together with the Pacific States. I want you to be exceedingly kind to Bright for I believe, that if he thought he could effect a sincere reconciliation with you, he would most assuredly be for you. I have no doubt, he thinks that there is an impossible gulf between you and Joe. Remove this impression and I have no doubt you can secure him. But be careful be on your guard, for otherwise you may estrange your reliable friends. Don't forget how Indiana voted for Lane in 1852 only 49 times. Yonder
Vote for the Homestead Bill is respectable in the West.

Bright is dead in Breckinridge, few friends all believe the letter is true, for you, Catlin's movement is rapidly increasing in Kentucky.

I don't know exactly his name, but a horse has come out for him in the New Orleans 'Gaiter."

Wear up to Breckinridge for he is in for the Senate and not for President. He can't get Kentucky for both. I send this line to express in order that you may understand Bright.

Yours truly
H. W. McLean
Wash. McClean
Cincinnati

Feb. 21.

Political
Bright, S.
Amended Jan. 27
Boston, Massachusetts
Feb 21st 1859.

Mr. Hardy Price
No 9 Court, Lynn

Wishes to know if you received this
letter about shipmasters etc.

Bremen, May 5
Feb 21, 1859

I am the

About a fortnight since
I mailed to your address a letter soliciting
you to include in a resolution for the
maintenance by Congress to pay to shipmasters
less for their losses and the lost

whether a copy of the British Shipping act
sent to you.

I am pleased to signify

Here are the not you received the a

with kind communications.

I am very respectfully,

Your obedient

Hardy Price

H. Stephen Douglas
1 Court Square
U. S. Senate

Washington
D.C.
Springfield Feb 21, 1859

Hon. S. T. Douglas,

My Dear Sir:

I take the liberty of introducing an old and intimate friend of mine, Sam. W. H. Hill, Esq. of Ogle County, who visits the Eastern States for the purpose of negotiating loans on Real Estate for Manganese mining. It may be necessary for him to refer to parties known in the East to show what his standing is at home.

I have known Mr. Hill for twenty years, during all of which time he has sustained a high character as a gentleman of strict integrity, business capacity, and possessing a large valuable estate. I have no hesitation in expressing my belief that any representations made by him will be strictly true and reliable. Any aid you can give him in carrying out the object of his mission will be highly obliged.

Your friend,

J. P. Slanger

(Signature)
L. Sanger
Springfield, Ill.
Feb 21
Introductory
Naperville, DuPage Co. Illinois
February 21/39

Honorable Stephen A. Douglas
Washington, D.C.

My dear Sir,

You will confer a great personal favor if you will please forward to my address the Patent Office Reports for 1837 Mechanical and Agricultural.

Yours truly and command

Fladdued Scott
Haddens Scott
Naperville
In Lake Co.
Feb. 23, 1862
Assistant Adjutant General
Baltimore, 21st February 1837

My Dear Sir,

I enclose the names of the subscribers to the paper, etc. There are other lists out throughout the county, and I have heard that the one no. Howard County has a large number of subscriptions to it.

Your popularity remains with the people here retained, and as far as I have been able to learn your cause generally is approved.

Whenever you desire arguments to be distributed, send them to me, with directions or otherwise, and I will endeavor to circulate them widely and judiciously.

Sincerely yours,

[Signature]

Monona, Marshall Co. Ill. Feb 21st 1857

Mr. Dr. Chandler

Dear Sir,

I wrote to you sometime

Lines in relation to the P.O. here, & at the same time

requested some info, but as I now receive no answer,

I took it for granted that you were got my letter.

I wrote also to Judge Ramsey concerning it, with

a request that he would see his influence, as he knew

one, with Mr. Here is a very general dissatisfaction

with Mr. Van Allen the P.O. at this place, because

he is disliking & frequently neglects or refuses

to let subscribers have their papers or letters after

coming some distance from the Country. The Office

does in the Passenger House, a very undesirable place

and as he is the Station Agent, the business

of the P.O. Company must be first attended to

all the time. While these being trains, at

the P.O. must wait, often, a long time before

he is ready to serve them. I myself have gone

to the office, often, & had to wait for hours or

more. The people demand a change, and

if you will do me the kindness to use your

influence in this matter, I shall feel truly

grateful & I am sure the People will be greatly

benefited by the change. & the cause of Democracy

materially promoted.

Truly yours. N.P. Walker.
W. F. Walker
Menona
Marshall Co. Ill
Feb 21.
P.O. Aning
charge.
Answered
Mar. 27

Count Your Blessings
W. F. Walker
Jamestown, Argus Office
New Lisbon, Wis., Feb. 21, 1859.

The Hon. H.C. Douglass,

Sedona, Ill.

Sir,

Through negligence, I suppose my letter to the Argus, must have failed to reach your address. During the last session of Congress, I have received no assurance whatever. Having for some years been favored with more than life, I feel somewhat lost—will you honor me the kindness to place me upon your "list" for occasional favors.

I commenced the Argus in July last. Was formerly connected with the "Marquette Mercury"—and until my connection with this paper, published the "Saint C. Democrat" personally and politically.

Yours truly,

J. H. Wells.
Jas. H. Wells
New London
Feb. 21.
This is yours