December
Eighth,
1917.

My dear Doctor:—

The Big Salmon man in Seattle who sends frozen salmon by express prepaid has just received a list of names from Mrs. Blethen and myself, and yours appears thereon.

We hope you will enjoy this wonderful citizen from the North Pacific Coast.

Yours,

[Signature]
Dear Professor,

Enclosed are some photos from my recent trip to Europe. I was able to visit several countries and cities, and I found the experience very enriching. I hope you enjoy them as well.

We hope you will enjoy the photos and remember your time in Europe.

Yours,

[Signature]
1146 E. Fifty-ninth St.
December 14, 1917

My dear Mr. Blethen:

Your kind note of the 8th inst. is at hand. I shall be interested in the citizen from the North Coast, and hope he will arrive at the right place. The address to which you have sent him is the house where I have not lived for some ten years, but I am hoping that his piscatorial majesty may not go astray. Please give my cordial regards to Mrs. Blethen, and believe me,

Very truly yours,

H.P.J. - L.

Mr. Joseph Blethen
Seattle, Washington
December 14, 1914

My dear Mr. Pifer:

Your kind note of the 8th inst.

I am not well and I shall be interested in the action now.

The North Coast may prove to be a suitable route for the right

place. The scaffold to which you have seen him in the

house where I have not lived for some few years, and I

hope that the piers to the scaffold may be set up.

Please give my conveyance to Mr. Pifer, and

petitions me,

Very truly yours,

H. L. H.

Mr. James Pifer
Seattle, Washington
December 12, 1917.

My dear President Judson:

Mr. William E. Bock, of Toledo, has presented to me a plan to have the people of the United States present a gigantic bronze statue to France. It is his idea that a group of well-to-do men will underwrite the enterprise, but that the people of the United States shall have an opportunity to contribute to it, the underwriters to carry only such part as may not be subscribed.

In order that the situation may be clear to you, I am enclosing a copy of a letter which I am writing to Mr. Bock.

It seems to me that the idea is a most happy one, especially at this time when we are in the midst of the war. If you share this view, I shall much appreciate it if you will write a letter to Mr. Bock presenting your point of view.

Very sincerely yours,

[Signature]

President Harry Pratt Judson,
University of Chicago,
Chicago, Illinois.
December 16, 1907

My dear President  Ingles:

Mr. Millard E. Boyd, of Toledo, has purchased a
property some months ago to conduct a little Here is the above letter.

...loop after which men will improve the expenditure but
since the people of the United States to have an opportunity
...to constitute it, the improvement to each alp be
...as we will not be supported.

I regret that the suggestion may be open to you, as

enclosing a copy of a letter which I am writing to Mr. Boyd.

It seems to me that the idea of a west rubber and one especially

of this size when we are in the midst of the west. If you have

some view of I shall much appreciate it if you will write a

letter to Mr. Boyd expressing your point of view.

Very sincerely yours,

[Signature]
December 12, 1917.

Chicago, December 13, 1917

My dear Mr. Bock:

The plan you presented to me for the people of the United States to present to the people of France a gigantic statue representing France and America United meets my unqualified approval. I have written to Mr. Bock as

Had it not been for the assistance of France, we could not have won our independence. From the time we were children in the schools, we have revered France because of her generous help in Revolutionary days. The name of LaFayette, her son, is always associated in our thoughts with that of Washington. After more than a century, we are now paying our ancient debt. It may well be that had we not entered this World War, France would have been crushed.

In peace and in war, France and America have been united for more than a hundred years. At this trying time, when our love and sympathy and help all go out to France, it seems especially appropriate that we should symbolize this perfect union of the two nations in mind and arm.

Very sincerely yours,

/s/ CHARLES R. VAN HISE.

Mr. William E. Bock,
Toledo, Ohio.
December 15, 1918

Mr. William P. Hook,

Toledo Office

Dear Mr. Hook:

The plan you presented to me for the people of

the United States to present to the people of France a scheme

accepting responsibility France and America United States

without interfering with the

Sincerely,

Your sincerely,

Very sincerely yours,

[Signature]

Erich V. Van Heez.
Chicago, December 15, 1917

My dear President Van Hise:

President Van Hise at the University of the 12th inst. with enclosure is received. I have written to Mr. Bock as you suggest, expressing my approval of the plan.

Very truly yours,

H. P. J. & L.

Very truly yours,

H. P. J. & L.

President Charles R. Van Hise
The University of Wisconsin
Madison, Wisconsin

Mr. William R. Bock
Toledo, Ohio
Chicago, December 15, 1917

Dear Sir:

President Van Hise of the University of Wisconsin has brought to my attention the plan which you suggest of presenting a bronze statue to France on behalf of the people of the United States. The plan seems to me entirely appropriate, and I hope it will be carried out.

Very truly yours,

H.P.J. - L.

Mr. William E. Book
Toledo, Ohio
Chicago, December 16, 1917

Dear Mr. Sergeant,

I have been considering the question of the University of
Wisconsin and feel that it is necessary to draw your attention to the
plan of action proposed by the University.

You suggest a comprehensive plan of action to the University, and I hope it will be
seen to be an entirely satisfactory one. I hope it will be

Sincerely,

[Signature]

President University of Wisconsin

The plan of action proposed by the University of Wisconsin is comprehensive and
comprehensive. It is intended to cover all phases of university education in a

[Signature]

President, University of Wisconsin

To whom it may concern,

[Signature]

To: [Name]

[Address]

The above action plan is comprehensive and

[Signature]

[Name]

[Address]
My dear Mr. President:

I am venturing to ask one of my students who is much perplexed as to his duty with reference to the war to come to you for advice.

Mr. Alfred M. Perry is an A. B. of Marietta College of 1910; an A. M. of Harvard University, 1912; a B. D. of Hartford Theological Seminary, 1916, and is approaching his Ph. D. degree with us in the New Testament after nearly two years here. He has, therefore, had about six years of graduate work. He is a man of fine character, and of more than average scholarly ability, though possibly his rather delicate physical organization carries with it a little lack of sturdy virility in scholarship. I put this latter statement cautiously because I am not sure that it is altogether just to him. He presented today in my Seminar one of the ablest papers I have ever had read in a class of mine.

He is subject to the draft and the Government may settle for him his duty, unless he pleads exemption. He feels that if he is going into the pastorate, he ought to accept actual service in the trenches. He is not so sure that he ought to do this, if he is to be a teacher. I have told him that, in my judgment, a man in his position ought for the period of the war to throw himself into some kind of service directly connected with the winning of the war.
My dear Mr. President:

I am writing to express my profound appreciation of the many words of encouragement you have offered me.

The issues that concern me, especially those of human rights, education, and international cooperation, are of utmost importance to me. As we move towards a more peaceful and just world, it is essential that we continue to work together to address these challenges.

I have been fortunate to have the opportunity to engage with leaders and thinkers from around the world. The experiences I have had have been invaluable and have helped shape my perspective on these important issues.

Thank you again for your support and for your commitment to the betterment of our world.

Yours sincerely,

[Signature]
But I am doubtful, and he is doubtful just where he could be of the greatest service. I should be grateful if you, out of your broader experience, would help him to solve his problem.

This letter requires no answer or acknowledgment.

Sincerely,

[Signature]

President Harry Pratt Judson,
The University of Chicago
This letter contains the words "If I can persuade you to understand that our proposal is a necessary step in the development of our national defense, I am willing to accept it as a part of your program. Therefore, I ask for your assistance in seeing the proposal through. Sincerely," followed by a signature.

"President Harry S. Truman, The University of Chicago."
December 19, 1917.

Dr. Harry Pratt Judson,
Chicago, Illinois

Dear Dr. Judson:

Just a Christmas greeting to those who have been helpful to me and to my work during the year.

May His best blessings and His sweetest joys be yours at this time. May the memory of what you have done for me and many others add to the value of His gifts to you.

Yours very cordially,

[Signature]
JOHNSTON WHEEL
THE CYCLOMATIC VAULTING
CHICAGO

December 14, 1951

Dear Mr. Reader,

I am writing to inquire if you have received the

Enclosed 11 cents.

Your early reply will be appreciated.

Thank you for your interest.

Yours with appreciation,

[Signature]

[Note: The signature is unclear or illegible.]
Chicago, December 21, 1917

My dear Dr. Myers:

Thank you very much for your kind Christmas greeting. I wish you all success in your splendid work, and am sure that the only reward you ask is the consciousness that the work has been done and that it has reached so many.

Very truly yours,

H.P.J. - L.

Rev. Johnston Myers, D.D.
2520 Michigan Avenue, Chicago
Chicago, December 31, 1914

My dear Mr. Warner,

Thank you very much for your kind expression of appreciation. I trust you will succeed in your opening work and may some day the only reward you see in the connection, that the work has been done and that it has been done so many.

Very truly yours,

H. H. L. - L.

Rev. February Home, D.D.
St. Matthew Avenue, Chicago
Dec. 24, 1917.

Dr. Henry Pratt Judson
Chicago, Ill.

Dear Sir,

I have read with much pleasure your article on the Pan-German conspiracy of world-wide conquest. I recently read a valuable book by Rev. Dominican, entitled "Frontiers of European Nations and Languages." Your article and the book have been a great help to me. I am in search of material and ideas for an address. It must be delivered at an early day. There is one or two points more on which I desire information. I feel sure you could give it to me. The questions follow:

1. As to the stimulus, to the genius of their civilization Latin?
I think I can answer this first question correctly in the negative. I do not know. I must know and know that I do know.

(2) As to the English, is the genius of their civilization Latin or is it more Roman than Romanic?

(3) You consider the English a nation a part of the Roman world, don't you? If so, why? Because they are mixed with the Latin race primarily or because of the genius of their civilization?

Please let me hear from you at an early day.

Thanking you in advance, I am,

Yours cordially,

E. J. McKay
Chicago, December 27, 1917.

English development. I should say that the English are a part of the Roman world.

Dear Sir:

Very truly yours,

Your favor of the 24th inst. is received.

1. It is hard to say how far the genius of the German civilization is Latin. Of course, beyond any doubt, all of the civilization of Europe has been impressed by Roman ideas and laws. North Carolina. there can be no doubt that Central Europe shared in this deep impression. Of course, however, it is equally clear that on the whole Teutonic ideas are, doubtless, at the basis of German organization and thought.

2. English civilization is an admixture of Teutonic and Roman. The Roman ideas came from Normandy and also from the Roman Catholic Church. I am rather inclined to think that there are more Teutonic than Roman ideas involved, but I do not feel at all sure.

3. In so far as Roman ideas are involved in
Dear Sir:

Your letter of the 25th Instant.

Received.

I feel very sorry for you for the coming of the German civilization in Japan. Of course, Germany and Germany will be the civilization of Germany and Germany herself and Germany have been impressed by German things and Germany can do no harm that Germany can do harm.

I am greatly impressed by the whole Teutonic movement and I am greatly concerned with the future of Germany.

Eternal civilization is an abomination of Tenochtitlan and Rome.

Romania may arise from the Roman Catholic Church.

I am tempted to think that there are more Teutonic than Roman ideas invading this land.

I am not one of those who believe in

3
English development, I should say that the English are a part of the Roman world.

Very truly yours,

H. P. J. -D.

Mr. E. J. McKay,
Dunn, North Carolina.
I am not in the first place a part of the Roman world.

Very truly yours,

[Signature]

Yours ever at the next first.

[Additional text not legible]
Chicago, January 3, 1918

Dear Mr. Lerando:

Your favor of the 29th of December with enclosed circular is received. I am interested in any movement tending to draw closer the bonds between the United States as a whole and any of its citizens who have come to us from foreign countries. One of the most important things in this direction is that our immigrants should learn to use the English language.

Very truly yours,

H.F.J. - L.

Mr. Leon Zelenka Lerando
317, 1342 Forsythe Ave.
Columbus, Ohio
Ottawa, January 8, 1918

Dear Mr. Kerwood:

Your letter of the 28th of December

with especial attention to receiving. I am interested
in any movement tending to draw closer the bonds between
the United States as a whole and any of the colonies which
have come to us from former dominion and are now
more important and in this connexion as great and
important enough to be considered as the United States.

Very truly yours,
COLUMBUS December 29, 1917

My dear Mr. President:

The Society for the Advancement of Slavic Study directs me to extend to you its most sincere New Year's wishes.

I have the liberty to forward the circular of our society which endeavors to bring about a better understanding for our Slavic fellow citizens and will make out of them still better Americans.

I have the honor to subscribe myself as very sincerely yours

Leon Zelenka Lerando
A few names of members (founders) of the Society for the Advancement of Slavic Study

Prof. L. Elmquist, Prof. of Comparative Philology, Northwestern University.

Prof. S. Harper, Prof. of Russian, University of Chicago.

Prof. S. Erbkova, Head of the Department of Slavic Languages, Nebraska State University.

Ph.D. A. Erlicka, Curator of the National Museum of the U.S., Washington, D.C.

Prof. A. Hyberger, Prof. of Bohemian and Russian, Coe College.

Prof. G. Jones, Prof. of English Literature, Nebraska St. U.

Prof. V. J. Louzecky, Prof. of Slavic Languages, Baldwin-Wallace College.

Prof. F. Pical, Purdue University.

Prof. P. R. Radosavljevich, New York University.

Prof. L. Wiener, Head of the Department of Slavic Languages, Harvard University.

and several others prominent in public life and the world of letters and science.

The society will hold annual meetings at the greatest universities in this country, just as other academic associations do.
In July, 1917, a number of persons interested in Slavic culture, having met on July 15, 1917 in Cleveland, Ohio, resolved to organize a Society whose aim ought to be to advance the study and teaching of Slavic languages, literature, art and culture in this country.

This Society, which adopted the name SOCIETY FOR THE ADVANCEMENT OF SLAVIC STUDY, is a rational organization with a membership from all parts of the country. At present there are members in the following States and Territories:

District of Columbia  Michigan  Nebraska
Illinois  Indiana  New York
Iowa  Ohio  Washington
Massachusetts  Wisconsin
Minnesota

The Society will hold a meeting every year in some of the greatest Universities in this country, just as other Societies with similar aims are doing. At these annual gatherings scholarly papers will be presented and read, and plans worked out for the furtherance of the cause for which the Society stands. For the accomplishment of the desired results the Society works along a number of lines, both for maintaining the languages of Slavic peoples and in spreading the knowledge of Slavic literatures, art, and culture among Americans not of Slavic descent. Of particular importance is the work of the Society in encouraging the introduction of the study of Slavic languages in the schools of this country. The organization is attempting to improve the conditions that surround the teaching of these subjects at the present time, especially by the preparation of adequate text-books, creation and award of scholarships to deserving students, lectures, distribution of books dealing with the history of various Slavic nations, and many other ways.

THE SOCIETY FOR THE ADVANCEMENT OF SLAVIC STUDY will make the encouragement of the study of Slavic languages, literature, art and culture in this country its sole and exclusive aim. It welcomes all men and women of good will. The work that lies before the Society is obviously great, and the Society has in its short existence only as yet entered upon it. The greatness of the task is, however, far outweighed by the real interest which seriously thinking scholarly men, among them men of non-Slavic descent, feel in the cause that this Society has undertaken to promote.

THE PROCEEDINGS OF THE SOCIETY FOR THE ADVANCEMENT OF SLAVIC STUDY, to be published three or four times a year, shall contain scholarly articles and papers read at the annual meetings, criticisms of new books dealing with Slavic literature, art, culture, as well as notes dealing with the progress of Slavic study in this country. Members receive it gratuitously.

You are herewith invited to become a member of the Society. The membership fee is only ONE DOLLAR annually.
Chicago, January 11, 1918

Dear Sir:

results of the
In case the operation on Sergeant Charles
Breasted should take such form as to necessitate his
discharge from the army, I beg to say that we should
wish him to resume his work at the University as a
student, and that he could be extremely useful as an
officer in the Reserve Officers' Training Corps. He
has already had experience as a member of that Corps, and
the managing officer speaks very highly of his work.

Very truly yours,

H.P.J. - L.

[Signature]
President

Captain O. M. Johnson
Base Hospital, Camp Devens, Massachusetts
Dear Sir:

In case the operation on Sergeant Quaterman proves successful, take each one as to necessitate the presence of an expert. I beg to say that we require a specialist from the navy, I beg to say that we require a specialist from the navy, and that he can be extremely useful as an expert. He is already a very experienced as a member of that corps, and the medical officer speaks very highly of his work.

Very truly yours,

[Signature]

[Date]
Chicago, January 11, 1918

My dear Charles:

I am interested to know from your father of your life at Camp Devens, and that you are busy and making progress in the new profession. Much of the work of military life must be monotonous; much of it is arduous; much of it is uncertain. One never can tell when he will be required to use any particular bit of knowledge or experience. This, however, I am sure you will find; that sooner or later everything you have acquired in your past life will come in play. Of course the monotony, and at times the hardships, of campaigning life are all in the day's work for a soldier, and what must buoy one up, I fancy, is the thought of the great cause for which it is all given. In your work as an officer you will have a great deal of human contact. You will learn much, I fancy, about the character of men,
My dear Citizen:

I am interested to know you.

Letter of your file at Camp Deane and that you are
part and making progress in the new occupation.

Work of the week or Wilderness fire must be monotonous; many
of it is dangerous. Many of it is heroic.

Tell when we will be ready to see any part of the

This, however, I am sure you

will find that sooner or later everywhere you have

encountered in your past life, will come to play. Of course
the monotony may be given the appearance of compensating
life else still in the gay, a work for a coalition and that
meet many one day I thank to the friends of the great

cause for which it is self-given.

Officer you will have a great deal of human contact.

You will learn much I teach spot the characteristic of men
and about the best ways of handling them. At all events your military life will form a period, and I think a very essential period, of your own life experience. You will return to civilian duties after the war is over all the richer in mind and character. Mrs. Judson and I shall follow with interest your campaigning.

With cordial regards and best wishes from us both, I am,

Very truly yours,

H.P.J. - L.

Sergeant Charles Breasted
Company E, 25th Engineers
Camp Devens, Massachusetts
any sport the best way of handling from your military life with to do a better and I think a very essential point of your own life experience. You will return to active duty after the war to over all the action in which any occupation we're engaged and I apply follow with interest your comment.

With cordial regards and best wishes from us both I am

Very truly yours,

[Signature]

[Governor Office of the President]

Company E 56th Engineer

[Department, Position]
January
Eighteenth,
1918.

My dear Mr. Judson:—

Did his "piscatorial majesty" arrive?

We have heard from all except yours, and in every case but one, there was a safe and enjoyable arrival.

As the salmon man guarantees these deliveries, you must not hold back any bad news from me.

Yours,

Dr. Harry Pratt Judson,
1146 East Fifty-ninth St.,
Chicago, ILL.
Dear Mr. Judge:

I do not believe the association warrants voting for the candidate we have chosen. In each case, we have chosen a slate and endorsed it. If the Avenue may endorse these four, I trust you will not cast a blank vote and leave me.

Yours,

[Signature]

Mr. Mayor, President, Judge,

The West High-Middle S.T.

Cubs of 19__
Chicago, January 22, 1918

My dear Mr. Blethen:

Yours of the 18th inst. is received.

I am very sorry that you did not get my acknowledgment of the big fish. I thought it had been sent long since. The animal arrived on time and duly disappeared in the way in which fishes ought to disappear. Thank you for remembering me.

With best wishes to the good wife, I am,

Very truly yours,

H. F. J. - L.

Mr. Joseph Blethen
The Seattle Times
Seattle, Washington