UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO.

I. COLLEGE OF LITERATURE AND THE ARTS.

There are in this college two parallel courses; the classical course, leading to the degree of B.A., and the philosophical course in which only one of the classical languages, either Latin or Greek, is required, modern languages and scientific or philosophical studies taking the place of the other. The degree in this course is B.E.

II. SCIENCE COLLEGE.

No classical languages are required in this college. The requirements for admission are the same as for the other courses, excepting Latin and Greek; the course is three years and the degree is B.S. An additional year given to the study of Civil or Mining Engineering, or Astronomy, entitles the student to a degree in these subjects.

III. LADIES’ COLLEGE.

Young ladies have the option of either of the regular courses of study, which they pursue with the regular classes. Special classes are formed by the lady principal for instruction in such subjects, not included in the regular course, as are deemed important to the education of ladies. The best facilities are afforded for music and art study in special classes.

IV. PREPARATORY DEPARTMENT.

The aim is to give thorough preparation for the University with general academic studies to other students.

V. UNION COLLEGE OF LAW.

VI. COLLEGE OF MEDICINE — RUSH MEDICAL COLLEGE.

FACULTIES.

HON. ALONZO ABERNETHY, President, and Professor of Mental and Moral Philosophy.

J. R. BOISE, Ph.D., LL.D., Greek Language and Literature.

ALONZO J. HOWE, M.A., Mathematics.

GILBERT WHEELER, B.S., Chemistry.

JOHN C. FREEMAN, M.A., B.D., Latin Language and Literature.

RANSOM DUNBAR, M.A., M.D., Zoology, Anatomy and Physiology.

EDWARD F. STEARNS, M.A., Ancient Languages and Preparatory Department.

ELIAS COLBERT, M.A., Astronomy.

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JOHN W. CLARKE, Geology and Mineralogy.

EDWARD GIBSON, M.A., Instructor in Greek and German.

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MISS M. E. CHAPIN, M.A., Principal of Ladies’ Department.

MISS ESTHER R. BOISE, Instructor in French and German.

FACULTY OF LAW.

HON. HENRY BOOTH, LL.D., Dean.

HON. J. R. DOOLITTLE, LL.D.

V. S. DUNBAR, LL.D., Secretary.

HON. R. R. HURD.

J. L. McCORMACK.

FACULTY OF MEDICINE OF RUSH MEDICAL COLLEGE.

J. W. FREER, M.D., President.

J. ADAMS, M.D.

D. CRILE, M.D.

Moses Gunn, M.D.

CHARLES L. PARKES, M.D.
so skillfully presented, learn to recognize it and act accord-
ingly.

In choosing company of the opposite sex, think first of those who are well liked by persons of their own sex.

Look out what you tell and to whom you tell it.

Remember that the nature does more than anything else to create true beauty.

Select company that is agreeable, regardless of appearance, family, caste, or money.

Keep your Reading; study, or other employment ready to receive your hearty attentions, if they are not well received by the persons to whom you are offered, and never, on any account, cease to feel independent.

If you allow yourself to rush blindly into a love affair, and then in your disappointment determined to do some rash thing, go off where nobody will interfere.

LITERARY.

SCOTT AND THE BALLANTYNES.

While Sir Walter Scott is well known as a poet and nov-
elist, his financial aims and operations furnish an interesting and instructive chapter which is not so generally familiar.

Scott did not escape the misfortunes in this department which have beset so many in his profession. Minds that are busy producing literary works naturally have a tendency to neglect the unpretentious matters of practical life and provision for future support.

Goldsmith's want of business capacity destroyed nearly all the lucrative profit which he derived from his literary productions.

Dr. Johnson was sent for one morning in great haste, as Goldsmith was in need of his help.

He sent over a guinea, and went as soon as possible himself.

The guinea had gone for a bottle of wine, which stood open on the table. Goldsmith was in a rage, and in great trouble with his landlord who had arrested him for his rent.

In his distress he produced his "Vicar of Wakefield," which was now ready for the press.

Johnson took the novel to a bookseller, disposed of it for sixty pounds, and the impro

Scott's Parrot was quite different. Unlike many gifted writers, he had a great desire that he had to attain, and the poet's love for the English language, a work which required more than seven years of gifted labor.

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All the rules for manners and for conversation, all the good clothes, extensive reading, etc., that one can have won't seem to be a desideratum, and, to get the matter before the house, the following are suggested:

Never be rude with your company.

Never be as you are when you are not welcome.

Learn to distinguish between a merely formal and a sin-
er invitation.

If you have no evidences that your company is agreeable to the other party, quit soon, turn your attention to some-thing else.

You can invariably find more pleasant company elsewhere, if you are worth anything as a friend.

Keep your eyes open, and when you have the mitten ever
THE VOLANTE.

Our age is retrospective; one of books and business. If not occupied with spectacles of the past, our eyes are never raised higher than counting-house pens or dusty books of law. Ancient descriptions of summer are always preferred to actual ones. The inventive, to the thirsty, is led to the inevitable belief that it was from him whom the woods, rocks and vines first learned that art of wonderful enchantment by which they are enabled, both day and night, to keep long trains of thoughts in motion, and quicken the drowsy and inattentive. With poetic inspiration, since persons endowed therewith are the most devout worshipers at this shrine. Perhaps, as a ward for faithfulness, Orpheus buried his lamentations in embossed copies of such works as yield themselves up to the best of his followers,—which once found, and thence transferred to verses, intoxicate the world with delight.

But we cannot endure conceits upon great things, which are ourselves their worshipers. Never can we believe that these circling glories of the year were thus made or painted by an Orpheus, but by a higher and nobler artist. We can not truly rest with nature's golden chariot; we work a solemn tabernacle, ever repeating to us through eye and ear lessons of life and religion writ in God's own hand. This marvelous temple, with its manifold forms and paintings, has not one for the fool's fancy. Fly to the fields of autumn, where a thousand hills wave with yellow grain waiting the reaper's knife, and the great red sun looks down with complaisance on the work of his fiery hands. We are not impressed with the tints of spring; we are not moved by the songs and deep joy; or do the frozen hills, wrapt in a mantle of snow, sleep all in vain? Is not your mind impressed with useful lessons from these events? And in this delightful season of the year, when all nature is dressed in a new and varied apparel, no moral is left untouched by that great Master's hand. They are each portrayed in a most vivid and eloquent language. There is no giddily laughter in this landscape, but a spirit of reflection pervades all. The flower at our feet, beautiful without vanity, small yet uncomprehended, inspires thoughts "too deep for tears." Yon silver stream, slipping down through broken rocks, is the emblem of unchanging principle, and at length of a peaceful life flowing in quiet places.

There is a richer homely in the notes of a whiteworm at nightfall than in the most elaborate sermon. Or would you see any illustrated? Look at these sobering scenes, and see how they follow each other to the shore. So years to their other destined end, so lives. Yes, this is the church, primeval, the grandest and the noblest, where man "looks through nature up to nature's God." Your poet shall cost you nothing, though of the most gorgeous kind; your sacrament shall be pure, cold water from the springs; and your preacher will never lack variety or depth. We have no need to take one word from the poet. "Let nature be your teacher." The world is without its Skylocks to-day, the principal difference between the Skylock of-to-day and Shakespeare's character being that the strict letter-of-the-law man of the present age is in the highest degree effeminate, and much more capable of securing his pound of flesh without disturbing either blood or bones. In fact, such is the general character of this class of men, that for acts of petty meanness and despicable littleness we intuitively look to the man who unites scrupulous justness. He "pays all his debts," and has no sympathy for the short-comings—financial or otherwise—of his fellow-men. Charity he knows only in name, and is as useful to the man as to the beast as a flare to an iceberg. If he has succeeded financially, he don't see but what he has done his part, and the welfare of others is no concern of his—except in so far as it affects the probable profit and loss with an accuracy which demonstrates to a mill. In his dealings with the world he recognizes only a mathematical set of rules for the guidance of his conduct, and these for the most part include nothing but straight lines and right or acute angles. The grace of curves and the beauty of rounded corners he never enjoys, for a curved line is longer than necessary to join two points, and is rounding a corner he loses something that would be his in the square corner. The man who is not generous is, per necessitatem, selfish. Fearfullestlest the world shall impair his justness, he is always striving to keep exactly on the line, and his selfishness in course of time comes to have a magnetical effect upon the location of his line of justice. He becomes a pettifogging lawyer, himself only client, his efforts being everywhere to bring the line of justice around his own views upon every subject. Had he views upon a subject, he cannot suffer change. Having justice for his war-cry and the full confidence of egoism, he believes his seeing all opposition only a result of illusory views, and he, upon a subject, he cannot suffer change. Having justice for his war-cry and the full confidence of egoism, he believes his seeing all opposition only a result of illusory views, and he, upon...

The reputation of being strictly just without being generous is undoubtedly to be preferred to being called a snob. But the man who hides himself merely upon being scrupulous justly in all his dealings with his fellow-man, and strives for nothing further, falls short of being a full man. A strict making change to the very cent on every occasion may furnish no legitimate excuse for pronouncing a man anything but the whole man. These occasions will often arise when it will show the petty meanness of a disposition so clearly that we can never afterwards dissociate it from the individual in whose character it was. At present, if the world is not without its Skylocks to-day, the principal difference between the Skylock of-to-day and Shakespeare's character being that the strict letter-of-the-law man of the present age is in the highest degree effeminate, and much more capable of securing his pound of flesh without disturbing either blood or bones. In fact, such is the general character of this class of men, that for acts of petty meanness and despicable littleness we intuitively look to the man who unites scrupulous justness. He "pays all his debts," and has no sympathy for the short-comings—financial or otherwise—of his fellow-men. Charity he knows only in name, and is as useful to the man as to the beast as a flare to an iceberg. If he has succeeded financially, he don't see but what he has done his part, and the welfare of others is no concern of his—except in so far as it affects the probable profit and loss with an accuracy which demonstrates to a mill. In his dealings with the world he recognizes only a mathematical set of rules for the guidance of his conduct, and these for the most part include nothing but straight lines and right or acute angles. The grace of curves and the beauty of rounded corners he never enjoys, for a curved line is longer than necessary to join two points, and is rounding a corner he loses something that would be his in the square corner. The man who is not generous is, per necessitatem, selfish. Fearfullestlest the world shall impair his justness, he is always striving to keep exactly on the line, and his selfishness in course of time comes to have a magnetical effect upon the location of his line of justice. He becomes a pettifogging lawyer, himself only client, his efforts being everywhere to bring the line of justice around his own views upon every subject. Had he views upon a subject, he cannot suffer change. Having justice for his war-cry and the full confidence of egoism, he believes his seeing all opposition only a result of illusory views, and he, upon...
THE VOLANTE.

INTERSTATE CONTEST.

The fourteenth annual Interstate-Contest took place at Marion, by a Thursday evening, May 10th. The weather was delightful, and nothing was wanting in which any could promote the success of the occasion. All the orators were promptly on hand ready for the worthy war. At eight o'clock, the assembly chamber of the State capital was completely filled by an audience of eight or nine hundred people from the city and surrounding towns.

A. S. Ritchie, President of the association, began the exercises, by a SHORT ADDRESS, appropriate and opportunely, after which he introduced R. R. Hawkins, of Indiana State University. This gentleman's oration was on the subject "Political Individualism," and was well written, though poorly delivered. Some of the illustrations were of a rather sophomoric character.

Wisconsin was represented by O. A. Curtis, of Lawrence University. The subject, "Satan and Mephistofoles," was ably treated, and as a piece of descriptive composition this oration was perhaps superior to any other of the evening. The contrast between the two infernal gentlemen was very finely brought out. Mr. Curtis became very earnest during the delivery of his oration, and had to "take a drink," and for this purpose he had to step down from the platform out of sight of the audience.

H. D. Goodenough, of Oberlin College, Ohio, discussed "The Same Old Story,—In a New Situation," an oration which showed, however, careful study and analysis. The gentlemen spoke rather too low, and failed to impress his good points on the audience.

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THE SEMINARY COMMENCEMENT.

The Tenth Annual Commencement of the Baptist Union Theological Seminary was held at the First Baptist Church, Chicago, May 10th. The exercises were accompanied by plain and direct style of the oration, which showed, however, careful study and analysis. The gentlemen spoke rather too low, and failed to impress his good points on the audience.

The exercises were varied by pieces of music by the First Church choir, composed of Mrs. C. H. Havens, soprano; Miss Katie King, alto; Mr. L. W. West, tenor; Mr. E. E. Evans, bass, and accompaniment by Mrs. Havens, pianoforte.

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The Volante.

Personal.
[Axel and students will confer a favor by giving us items for this column.]

S. C. Johnston, '78, is in the city.
B. F. Fatt, '76, is at the Seminary.
A. P. Burbank, '75, was visiting us a few days ago.
W. E. Bosworth, '70, runs a leading dry goods store at Elgin.
R. B. Twiss, '75, graduates soon from the Union College of Law.
R. M. Ireland, '74, is practicing law at Elgin, "getting a fine start."
H. B. Mitchell, '76, is at 46 South Canal Street engaged in literary work.
H. E. Gross, '76, is New York correspondent of the Chicago Tribune.

Robert Scar's friends entertain hopes of his complete recovery by July.

P. H. More, '76, is at Madison University, N. Y., preparing for the ministry.

H. E. Bosworth, '76, is enjoying life at Elgin. Deeped in the other day.

O. W. Phillbrook, formerly of '73, is in business at Picher City. Expect to be here next year.

Mr. H. F. Gilbert, of the class of '73, now pastor of a church in Wisconsin, has made us a call.

We regret to say that Mr. Fargo is obliged to leave school for the present, on account of ill-health.

A. L. Bosworth, '69, is stockholder and assistant cashier in the First National Bank, Elgin.

E. J. Osman, formerly of '79, has the editorial department of the Ottawa Free Trader.

C. J. Goodspeed, formerly of '79, is reporting as do well with the study of medicine at Joliet.

Murphy, formerly of '78, has closed school at Jerseyville. Will continue next year on a larger salary.

J. Rea and J. O. Thomas, '78, are reported by the Standard as moving with fine success at Brown.

C. A. Barber, '76, is on business on the North Side. Little girl a few weeks old. Doting paternal calls her a charmer.

Mr. Burrows, who is well known to students who were here four years ago, has been visiting the University and Seminary.

V. R. Denaton, L.L. D., left for New York about the first of May, without imparting to the Seniors the usual homoeopathic dose of Political Economy.

Prof. Freeman has accepted the invitation of the Star, the Adelphian and the Crescent literary societies of Antioch College to deliver the annual address before them, Tuesday, June 19th.

N. E. Honors, '77, attended the Psi U. convention held at Madison, May 15th, as delegate of the Omegas chapter, and reports having had a very enjoyable time and a pleasant trip.

C. H. Wayne, according to the Tripped, took the Freshman man at the Northwestern University and is Sophomore here. He was not Freshman at the Northwestern University, and is not Sophomore here. With these exceptions, the Tripped is right.

The ordination of Robert P. Allison, of '66, pastor of North Star Baptist Church in this city, took place on Thursday, April 5th, 1877. We have been hearing of Bob's success, and taking observations of our own upon it, with great pleasure, and now that he is fully settled in his profession, we predict for him the happy results which belong to earnest, vigorous work.

Local.

Camps still improving.

No Freshman Ex. this year, we understand.

The Freshmen wear a happier aspect than the last issue of the Volante.

Everybody is asking, "Who slammed those boxes down stairs, the other night?"

Oh those emotional! Seniors limited to eight hundred words; Juniors to ten hundred words.

The method of selecting the center for the Inter-Collegiate Octorial Contest seems to be the coming topic.

The Juniors have finished physiology, and will analyze flowers and other botanical specimens under Mr. Bastin for the balance of the term.

The Seminary building begins to wear an air of "gonesis." As the Junior classes embrace no ladies, we recommend to the class to start a ladies' seminary of its own.

The authorities at Rockford Seminary do not allow the young ladies there to ride Sundays, as one of our higher classmen discovered to his sorrow, not long since.

The wire-adjusting days have come, The hottest of the year. When college cliques and people fall in, And all get "on their ear."

The unusually large number of typographical errors in our last issue was the occasion of several scurrilous remarks exchanged between the editors, publishers and printers. Prayers requested.

Blessed is the man who goeth into the reading-room and there findeth what he wanteth.

Student reciting—"while the Roman Senate was sitting on the throne, was it?"

The literary societies are in a flourishing condition. The subjects principally debated of late are on "wah."

The Juniors have passed a satisfactory examination in Physiology. Dr. Dexten has succeeded in making the subject interesting to them.

What is it that can be seen without a microscope? The party spirit which is beginning to spring up in consequence of the approaching election for college officers.

What is it that cannot be seen with a microscope? The genius of those who throw hoes of ashes and other rubbish down stairs in the night-time when the people are trying to sleep.

One man, the other day, asked the difference between a calf and the Freshman. We gave it up, when he replied: "The calf runs more to cars, while the Freshman churlishly develops checke."

Our boys are loud in praise of the handsome way they were treated by the Madison boys at the Inter-State Contest. They have all appearing up for them for making it pleasant for visitors, and seem to take a hearty enjoyment in using them.

It is the intention of Professors Wheeler and Bastin to have a summer course in scientific studies in the coming vacation. It will comprise Quantitative, Qualitative and Experimental Chemistry, Botany, Mineralogy, etc., and will continue six weeks.

"To shaver or not to shaver—that is the question," muses Mr. Junior as he stands before the glass anxiously striving to detect a proper appreciation of the dignity and grandeur of approaching Junior Ex. in the growth of his browside "let out" for the first time.

Lussing, F. E., donned his base-ball mit and left his clothes in a room of one of the students, at the dance game at Lake Forest last Saturday. After the game, n:o resuming his ordinary attire, he discovered that some kind fiend had relieved him of $4 which he had left in his vest pocket.

A hoodlum of coal and several boxes sought a lower level from the third floor of Jones Hall, the other, to the great discomfort of students sleeping in that vicinity. It was really a first-class mischief in itself, but we, imagines, not equal to what it would have been, in this respect if the wrathful students who were aroused thereby could have laid hands on the perpetrators.

Any who are looking forward to medicine as a life work, and wish to understand the law of Hahnemann as it relate to that science, should look carefully over the advertisement of the Chicago Homeopathic College on page 109. The endeavors of faculty will commend themselves most strongly to men who understand the necessity for preliminary discipline, and who desire thorough instruction in all the branches. They court the patronage of college men.

The improvements which have been going on in the University campus, under the supervision of Dr. Burroughs, deserve something more than a passing notice. In place of the leafless oak, the whole ground is ornamented with different kinds of shade trees. The ground in front of the building has been fertilized, the walks improved, and, last but not least, there is to be on the other side of the building a botanical garden, under the care of Mr. Bastin, our Professor of Botany. This will be not only an ornament, but of rare interest to those who are now pursuing the study.

Nothing has given us so much trouble as those "sweet singers in Israel," the chapel choir. When it had dwindled down to a single member—Junior—we sat down and wrote an affecting obituary notice calculated to draw tears from the hardest-hearted; but here it is again, and better than ever. It is an "octetto," consisting of four gentlemen and an equal number of ladies. We reserve our obituary notice for a future occasion. In the meanwhile:

Lisens to the sweet, harmonious sound
That echoes breathlessly through the walls around,
Whence comes it? From the chapel choir,
Whose song melodious rises higher and higher,
And yet more high—
And how to get it down again the poet doesn't know.

Student maxims.

1. "Prompt, that ye be not prompted."
2. "Have check, lest ye think."
3. "Laugh at profane jokes, lest ye come to grief."
4. "Pony, lest cousins and aunts must plead for you in June."
5. "Have two fans, lest thy name will often adorn the section-book."
6. "Sing not in the halls, lest ye be hauled up."
7. "Write equations upon thy cuffs, for 'tis hard times now, and paper is done."
8. "Boy not the paper of thy school when thou cannot peruse it at the public library, for otherwise it might succeed, and not die, as is the rule of school enterprises."—Ec.

Great difficulty has arisen in Harvard College upon the election of officers for the coming class-day. The college is divided into two factions, named respectively, after their mental development and gaiter dimensions, the Paladins and the P. E. Bats. Each desires control over the election, and, as neither will give in, it is probable that the class-day exercises will not come off. —Tribune.
The Volante

Chicago Homoeopathic College, Cor. Michigan Ave. & Van Buren St., Chicago, Ill.

The Volante.

CLIPPING:
A Junior, a while ago, spent three days in trying to translate "Barbara, Beloved," etc. — E. The new system of transmitting music by electric tele- graph enables a man to telephony story to his friends a long distance away. — Harper's Weekly. The Benson mentions some "new college buildings capable of accommodating two thousand students of the most improved style of architecture." Are they ladies? — E. It was pitched without," said a clergyman in church, and a young base ball player, who had been calmly slum bering, awoke with a start, and yelled "foo!" The first base came down from the choir and put him out. — E. Fair charmer (who thinks that she knows everything about us) am I. It is possible, Mr. Tontkas, that you are unacquainted with my brother, at Harvards! Why, he sings second base on the University Base Ball Crew. — Lawrence. Comparisons are obvious. — Major (rocking Nellie on his knee for Aunt Mary's sake). — I suppose that is what you like, Nellie? — Nellie. — Yes, it is nice. But I rode on a real donkey yesterday—I mean one with four legs, you know. — E. And now the Bowdoin students are visited to the detriment except in Trinity can't sing. Williams can't walk; Synace can't tangle. Princeton can play billiards; and here is poor Bowdoin shut out from the festivities of the depot. Who is the next victim? — Hamil- ton. Lit. A very precise person, remarking upon Shakespeare's lives, "The good men do oft intermingle with their bones," carefully observed that this interval can generally proceed without taking the place. — E. What a truly profane thing this is, and the Yale Cour- ant is responsible for it. — Conundrum: — Who was the first insurer on record? Ann. — Eve; when Adams asked her to let him kiss her, she answered, 'I don't care, Adam, if you do.' — Chronicle. Now it is Michigan. The Michiganians can't dance. I C U O as for subscriptions and advertising. Our po- cures R about M. W. We want 2 U bad. Good I D if U can send or mail what U O is. U don't R bust it. — E. Boston has only one fault to find with Moody, and that is that "his uncivilized manners and babewhoreous yulong emanation seemed to be rattled exaggerated than modified by contact with a highbrow couple." And Mr. Moody says he "likes Boston good enough, but they talk the work English there he ever heard." — Burlington Hawk-Eye.
THE VOLANTE.

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The next Term will commence on Thursday, Sept. 13th, 1877, and continue until the second Thursday in May.

THE FACULTY.

REV. G. W. NORTHRUP, D. D.,
REV. T. J. MORGAN, D. D.,
REV. JAMES R. BOISE, Ph. D., LL. D.,
BERNHAID MAIMON, M. A.,
REV. GALUSH ANDERSON, D. D.,
REV. J. A. SMITH, D. D.,
REV. J. A. EDGREN, B. D.,

President and Professor of Systematic Theology.
Professor of Homiletics and History of Doctrines, and Librarian.
Professor of New Testament Interpretation.
Professor of Oriental Languages and Literature.
Lecturer on Church Polity and Pastoral Duties.
Lecturer on Modern Church History.
Professor in Scandinavian Department.

THE COURSES OF STUDY.

THE REGULAR COURSE occupies three years, is designed for college graduates and those of equivalent attainments, and entitles those who complete it to the degree of Bachelor of Divinity (B. D.)

A SPECIAL COURSE, also occupying three years, has been arranged for those who are not prepared to pursue Hebrew and Greek Exegesis. Instruction is given in Systematic Theology, Homiletics, Church History, Pastoral Duties, the Study of the English Scriptures, and in Mental and Moral Philosophy, Logic, Rhetoric and Eloquence. A diploma is given to those who complete this course.

POST GRADUATE AND ELECTIVE STUDIES.

Every possible facility will be offered to graduates and others who wish to continue their studies, or pursue special lines of investigation in Theology, using Latin, Greek, or German authors; in Old or New Testament Exegesis; in the study of Chaldee, Syriac, Arabic and German; in Philosophy and in Homiletics.

SPECIAL COURSE OF LECTURES.

Arrangements have been made by which a series of twenty lectures will be given during the year, as follows: (Two lectures each.)

1.—G. W. GARDNER, D. D., Cleveland, Ohio.
   "Some Living Questions connected with Christian Missions."

2.—J. A. SMITH, D. D., Chicago.
   "Calvinism in Modern Thought and Life."

3.—Rev. D. H. COOLEY, Canton.
   "Long Pastorates."

4.—J. M. GREGORY, LL. D., Champaign.
   "Social Science."

5.—D. B. CHENEY, D. D., Chicago.
   "Developing Church Benevolence."

6.—LEMUEL MOSS, D. D., Bloomington, Indiana.
   "The Doctrine of Inference."

7.—Rev. T. W. GOODSpeed, Chicago.
   "Public Spirit in the Ministry."

8.—WARREN RANDOLPH, D. D., Indianapolis, Indiana.
   "Sunday Schools and Christian Schools."

9.—W. W. EVERTS, D. D., Chicago.
   "The Divergencies of Romanism and Protestantism."

10.—GALUSH ANDERSON, D. D., Chicago.
   "The Preaching of Christ and the Preaching of Chrysostom."

EXPENSES.

Tuition and room rent are free. Board, $2.30 to $2.80 per week. Lights and fuel about $20 per year; contingent expenses, $5. A number of students pay their expenses by manual labor of some kind, and others by supplying churches on the Sabbath, or in missionary work.

BENEFICIARY AID.

Students may receive aid from the Northwestern Baptist Education Society.

THE NEW BUILDING

Is admirably arranged, and well lighted and ventilated. The rooms are large, cheerful, and will be completely furnished. It contains Dining Room, Kitchen, Laundry, Gymnasium, Chapel Library, Lecture Rooms, Reading Room, Studies and Dormitories, and will furnish a delightful home. It stands on an elevation overlooking the country for miles around.

MORGAN PARK

Is eight miles south of the limits of the city, on the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific railroad, forty-five minutes ride from the center of the city. There are several trains a day each way. Students will find tickets for sale at the "Standard" Office, corner of Randolph and Dearborn streets. It has the retirement and healthfulness of a country location, and the advantages of a large city. There are over twenty Baptist churches in the city. Students have every desirable facility for earning Christian labor in a great variety of fields. They are brought into frequent association with many of the most successful workers, both laymen and ministers, in Sabbath-schools, in churches and in missionary enterprises. Students also have frequent opportunities for supplying churches and mission stations, either temporarily or regularly, in the city and surrounding towns, at a reasonable compensation. They thus learn from practical life and experience much which they cannot learn from books. No location in the country can furnish better opportunities in this respect.

G. W. NORTHRUP, President,
Baptist Union Theological Seminary, Chicago, Ill.
UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO.

I. COLLEGE OF LITERATURE AND THE ARTS.

There are in this college two parallel courses: the classical course, leading to the degree of B. A., and the philosophical course in which only one of the classical languages, either Latin or Greek, is required. Modern languages and scientific or philosophical studies taking the place of the other. The degree in this course is B. S.

II. SCIENCE COLLEGE.

No classical languages are required in this college. The requirements for admission are the same as for the other courses, excepting Latin and Greek. The course is three years and the degree is B. S. An additional year given to the study of Civil Engineering, or Astronomy, entitles the student to a degree in these subjects.

III. LADIES' COLLEGE.

Young ladies have the option of either of the regular courses of study, which they pursue with the regular classes. Special classes are formed by the lady principal for instruction in such subjects, not included in the regular course, as are deemed important to the education of ladies. The best facilities are afforded for music and art study in special classes.

IV. PREPARATORY DEPARTMENT.

The aim is to give thorough preparation for the University with general academic studies to other students.

V. UNION COLLEGE OF LAW.

VI. COLLEGE OF MEDICINE - RUSH MEDICAL COLLEGE.

FACULTIES.

HON. ALONZO ABERNETHY, President, and Professor of Mental and Moral Philosophy.
J. H. ROSE, Ph.D., LL.D., Greek Language and Literature.
ALONZO J. HOWE, M.A., Mathematics.
C. GILBERT WHEELER, B.S., Chemistry.
JOHN C. FREEMAN, M.A., B.D., Latin Language and Literature.
RANSOM BEXTER, M.A., M.D., Zoology, Anatomy, and Physiology.
EDWARD F. STEWART, M.A., Ancient Languages and Preparatory Department.
ELIAS COLE, M.A., Astronomy.
VAN BUREN DENNIS, LL.D., Political Economy.
JOHN W. CLARKE, Geology and Mineralogy.
EDWARD GIBSON, M.A., Instructress in Greek and German.
EDMUND S. BAILEY, M.A., Instructress in Russian.
MISS M. E. CHAPIN, M.A., Principal of Ladies' Department.
MISS ESTHER H. ROSE, Instructor in French and German.

FACULTY OF LAW.

HON. HENRY BOOTH, LL.D., Dean.
J. B. DENNIS, LL.D., Secretary.
J. C. HIGH.

FACULTY OF MEDICINE OF RUSH MEDICAL COLLEGE.

J. W. FISHER, M.D., President.
J. ADAMS, M.D., M.D.
D. LASKIE MILLER, M.D.
MOSSEY GUNN, M.D.
CHARLES L. PARKES, M.D.
THE VOLANTE.

Medical College and Hospital
OF CHICAGO.
Chartered by the State of Illinois in 1853.

WINTER SESSION.
The eightieth regular winter session commences the first of Oct., 1877, and continues until Feb. 21, 1878. Clinical facilities unprovided. Material for attendance abundant. Large, well-lighted, and comfortable rooms. A large Homoeopathic Hospital under the charge of the Faculty.

Persons desiring further information are requested to communicate with the Registrar.

T. S. ROYCE, M. D., 817 Walsh Ave, Chicago, Ill.; Drs. Jouett and Stimson, 122-124, Dear, 324 Walsh Ave.

N. LINDSTROM,
Merchant Tailor
879 Cottage Grove Avenue,
Between 39th and 40th Sts.,

E. B. WOODSON,
DEALER IN
Pianos, Picture Frames, WAX & ARTISTS' MATERIALS.

J. H. WOOLEY,
DENTIST
71 Washington Street,

J. H. S. HIGGINS,
149 Twenty-Second Street,

BOOTS & SHOES
AT PRICES THAT CANNOT FAIL TO PLEASE.

LOW RATES TO STUDENTS.

THE VOLANTE.
UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO, JUNE, 1877.

EDUCATION.

TABLE OF CONTENTS.

-PREFACE TO STUDENTS-

W. F. BOGART,
DRUGS & MEDICINE

STATIONERS, FAMOUS GOODS, CIGARS, ETC.
646 Cottage Grove Ave., Chicago.
all to take legitimate means of becoming fit and skilled in conversation, and not resort to such underhand ways of appearing to be what they are not. Young gossips, and continually dwelling on the faults of others, shows, instead of unusual skill, an imbecility of mind.

LITERARY

COLLEGE REPUTATIONS

By college reputations we mean the standing which a student obtains among his associates and instructors during college life. It is by no means an imaginary distinction, made by two or three, but it is a real reputation of whatever kind it may happen to be, generally well known throughout the little world in which he moves. On a smaller scale, college reputations are much like those of the "outside" world. They are not made in a day, but grow gradually, as a general rule, unless attended by unusual circumstances, such as taking a prize, or outgrowing the opposers in an "antitorial contest." A student previously known by nothing save his name will sometimes make a fine reputation by a ten-minutes' speech some evening, and immediately step into the full splendor of a morning glory, fresh with the dews of success. Such is not often the case, and even if it were, it is not the custom ever to make a mistake. Reputations are usually made in the classroom, slowly and laboriously. A bad reputation is so easily and speedily made, that often those who do not really deserve it are made to wear it; and right here we have before us one of the worst forms of injustice to be met with in college.

In speaking of such students, too often make themselves ubiquitous which, although not strictly untrue, give a false impression of what is being conveyed from one to another, until it becomes a delusion. Now these remarks, criticisms and impressions go to form the reputation of a student outside of the immediate circle of his associates, and as many persons seem to be impelled to live up to the reputation which others have made for them, we see at once that in this way much harm and injustice is very frequently done. But, in general, a student is the maker of his own reputation, and by using the proper means he can make it just about as he pleases. If a reputation for brilliancy is desired, all that is required is to be spry, answer questions promptly and recklessly. A reputation for deep thinking and solidity of reasoning is made in the easiest manner, by carefully keeping the mouth shut and a sober face. A little different method is to make a liberal use of Webster's unabridged, carefully avoiding short and common words which are easily understood. A third way, much in vogue, is to sneer at all who are not placed above your own, never failing to assert that Hamilton, Mill, Newton and others held to wrong doctrines in some respects, but in others agree with them.

Pursuit of Happiness

To seek for happiness beyond what we now enjoy is the universal tendency of the youthful mind, and this desire for something that affords more pleasure, is one of the wise provisions of a beneficent Creator, and it is not only man's privilege but also his duty to look forward to something better and stronger now to enjoy and strive to attain it; and whenever this desire prompts one to a wrong action, it is because of an abuse of this gift bestowed upon him. Were every ray of hope obliterated, and every possibility removed of reaching some sphere in life where we can more completely satisfy the insatiable longings of the soul, man would cease to progress. There would be only a continued struggle for life, while liberty and the pursuit of happiness would be unknown, and the race would necessarily sink into barbarism. Every champion for the truth, every philosopher who has exerted an influence in the world, and, in fact, all persons, whether they have made themselves conspicuous in the world's history or not, whose services have been valuable to society, have lived lives of usefulness because they were continually struggling to satisfy some desire which they have long cherished, and which has become a part of their nature.

The great difficulty which lies in the way of all progress is that we are short-sighted, and can rarely see wherein we are to derive pleasure by pursuing those avenues in life by which we may accomplish the most good, and in turn bring to ourselves the highest rewards. How the scholar, delving into the dungeons of theology, can derive pleasure by continually prying into the mysteries of divine revelation, is beyond the comprehension of some people. How the man, losing himself from society, secluded almost entirely from the outside world, month after month and year after year, can derive from such a source what we commonly call pleasure, is hard for most people to conceive; and yet Milton and Newton, and a host of others, have dwelled in loneliness, dwelling on nothing but the objects of their own imaginations, and are enthusiasts in their line of action as those who are every day mingling in society and participating in the various kinds of amusements. The heavenly orbs, moving unjustly through the space, existing by means of the universe, the most delicate hues, are the companions of the astronomer; and he will deny himself of the common pleasures of life, and labor assiduously, rather than be deprived of their society. The poet, who looks ever beyond the great panorama of nature, and by his imagination "creates out of airy nothing a local habitation and a name," is so delighted in his revels that the ordinary affairs of life fall into the background of his eyes.

A man was once seen in an Athenian array in an erect posture, gazing, seemingly with listless gaze, upon empty nothing, all day and all night forgetting himself, and com-
THE VOLANTE.

COMMENCEMENT WEEK.

THE JUNIOR EXHIBITION.

The Junior orations were delivered at the First Baptist Church, on Monday evening, June 25. The day had been rainy, and many who attended the exhibition had to go in the rain, and yet the speakers had a good audience. After the commencement exercises in the Church, which was listened to with much interest, the music for the evening, sung the "Huntman's Farewell."

Mr. R. J. Windes, the first speaker, treated his subject, "The Mission of Poetry," in a manner well worthy of that gentleman's good reputation as a speaker. He had a good and interesting subject and delivered it admirably.

Mr. N. J. Howell followed with an oration on "The Uses of Adversity." The oration was well thought out and composed, clearly showing that "sweet are the uses of adversity." The thought suggests itself that perhaps the gentle- man had most programmes in mind when he chose and treated his subject.

Mr. W. R. Raymond spoke on "Controversy." He maintained his beneficial power in an oration that aimed at the point and went home to the hearers. Mr. Raywood had the fortune to awaken in the audience an unusual degree of enthusiasm in his favor.

Mr. J. D. S. Riggs gave a "Plea for Creolism." He denounced the indolence of office, and demanded political insouciance as a great desideratum, predicting for America, in case these men came forward, a brilliant future.

Mr. Charles Ege supported the proposition, "Delenda est Constantiopole," in a well-written oration, taking the Russian side of the Eastern question, and extended his conclusion to the entire removal of tyranny in Europe.

Mr. E. B. Foscahan presented the "Other Side of the Question," taking the part of the Turks, in an oration that put the point, and would have brought many bouquets and long pipes if the audience had been of Mohametans.

Mr. T. C. Hoar spoke of "Music Among the Fine Arts." He was an elegantly-written oration, showing the usefulness of music in elevating the sentiment and enlivening the beauties of music, especially of Christian song.

Mr. F. A. Holker treated the subject: "The Power of an Ideal." In pursuing the great object of life, success, the highest attainments can be made by forming an ideal and constantly working towards it. Thought, composition and delivery in this oration were all good.

Mr. C. Allen, Jr., advocated "The Charity of Nations" in an able manner, taking the cosmopolitan view of patriotism as the highest. Mr. Allen had a good subject well handled.

Mr. W. A. Gardner spoke on "Anglo-Saxon Influence." He adverted to the great influence which Anglo-Saxon thought had exerted, and pointed to the peaceful settlement of the Alabama Claims as an index of Anglo-Saxon character. Mr. Gardner has a fine delivery.

Everything passed off pleasantly, but not with quite the uniformity of success which another year of training will enable the class to attain. Yet the exhibition did its share in keeping up our reputa tion for good exercises. Mock procedures were to be distributed and added much to the inter est of the occasion.

CLASS DAY.

The Class Day exercises of the class of '77, with the last appearance of the class as an independent factor in the college world, took place Wednesday afternoon, June 27th. The day was beautiful, the campus was inviting, the stone walls furnished an agreeable shade and the Light Guard Band gave some good music, that is, when they didn't give any singing to attend to, but could wander in the fields of harmony according to their own sweet will. The Seniors were favored by a fine audience of their friends.

The welcome, honestly given by all the class, was expressed by Mr. N. J. Howells. President of the class, in a short, hearty, well delivered address of welcome, which also introduced the exercises. With other appropriate remarks, Mr. Howells asked the audience not to listen with a spirit of criticism, but with a disposition to enter into the enjoyment of the occasion.

Mr. F. M. Smith delivered the IVory Oration. Calling the attention of the audience to an ivory which stood before him, he drew from it a series of many useful hints to the class. His delivery was easy if not remarkable.

Mr. Perry Baird read the class history. This was inter easing, characteristic of Mr. Baird, and contained much that was true and more that might have been true but was not. Some had left the class years ago—they had received thirty-foldsome had left last year—they had received sixty-fold; others had received an hundred-fold, and they were the persons who were there assembled. One in the class was married, two engaged, one jilted, ten class members, two in league with Satan—total, twelve. Seven voted for Hayes, one for Tilden, one for Peter Cooper, three for themselves. Average weight of the class, 135 pounds. Average fighting weight, 110 pounds.

Mr. James Langdon read the class paper, a well-pre pared, spicy document. He looked backward on the his torical, forward on the prophetic, wandered around wherever he chose in college life, and made a happy selection of pleasant anecdotes and humorous thoughts.

Mr. G. M. McConaghy gave an oration on the "American Mass." It was an enthusiastic eulogy on the American people. The oration was delivered with energy and was well received by the audience.

Miss Jessie F. Waite then revealed the future fate of the various members of the class. Contrary to the usual custom to college prophets, Miss Waite foretold positions of high honor to all, and told it in a pleasing way.

Mr. W. W. Cole, Jr., then brought out the bloody hatchet, and with an amusing speech, which contained a number of excellent puns, he delivered it (the hatchet) to Mr. J. D. S. Riggs, who responded in behalf of the Junior class. As far as this related to the hatchet it was good, but when he introduced a "patriot reminiscence" in the shape of a novel of dust, he was guilty not only of gross breach of propriety and good taste, but also of a lack of dignity. It was an act which reflects great discredit on its authors, and ought to make them blush with shame every time they read it. The Junior class proceeded to order the hatchet to be thrown over the windy Junior, but the president's sense of politeness forbade it. We sincerely hope that no class will ever be guilty of such unbecoming or want of common sense.

Mr. G. B. Dean presented the faculty with an unusually intelligent class of animals: such as the astronomically inclined cat, a mathematical hen, and a learned owl. His speech was quite witty.

Mr. Lanning delivered the farewell address, and in a few well-chosen remarks bade farewell to the friends who had contributed so much to the pleasure of the class in college life, to the students with whom they had sustained such pleasant associations, to the Faculty who had not only led the class in the way of knowledge but had pointed out the flowers that had adorned the way, and finally to the class mates who had been connected by the closest ties in college life.

EXERCISES.

The commencement exercises took place at Fawell Hall, Thursday afternoon, June 28th. A class of twelve severed their connection with the University, and have entered upon a broader field of action. Eleven of them delivered orations, beginning with Mr. Baird, the speaker at Madison from the State of Illinois. His subject was "The Growth of Human Mind." Mr. Baird delivered one of his characteristic speeches, and we will not attempt to comment upon his excellence; suffice it to say that he received the hearty applause that always enures to an eloquent orator. Mr. Bass delivered an oration on "Beneficence of Art," and handled the subject in an attractive manner.

The speaker was very forcible in his delivery, and succeeded in keeping the audience throughout. Mr. Cole spoke on "Popular Feeling." He took a practical common sense view of the subject, and presented his views in so able a manner that his oration was highly appreciated by the audience. "The Necessity of Catholics" was clearly and forcibly stated by Mr. Davis. His delivery was earnest, and the last part in particular of his oration was eloquent, and the speaker retired from the stage amid prolonged applause.

Mr. Harrison made it appear that "Peace is the True Policy of Nations." He took a broad view of this difficult subject, and presented his views in an able manner.
Mr. Honour portrayed before us the advantages and disadvantages of society, and showed to us in what way solitude is conducive to mental growth. His thoughts were excellent, his appearance and delivery fine. The subject of Mr. Longhead's oration was "Safeguards of Intellectual Liberty." Christianity, with its civilizing tendencies, free schools, and a free press are ably shown forth as being our strongholds.

Mr. Lansing delivered an oration on "The Irresistible Tendency." This tendency he defined as the universal desire for freedom. His effort was in every way commendable. "The Relation of the Scholar to the State" was the subject of Mr. McCaughney's oration. His thoughts were good, his delivery forcible, and his discourse abounded in patriotic sentiments.

Mr. Smith had for his theme "Responsibility." He showed considerable depth of thought, and his oration was of a high order. Miss Waite spoke on the "Influence of Plato and Aristotle on Modern Thought." She gave a charming sketch of their lives, drew the line between their systems of philosophy with rare skill and keen analytic power, and traced the influence of their thought on the thinkers of succeeding ages. Her delivery was most excellent.

The exercises were varied by several musical selections by Handel's Orchestra, and among the prominent features of the occasion were large numbers of bouquets, of which the young orators were the recipients.

THE RECEPTION.

Thursday evening President Abercromby gave a reception in the parlors of the University building, at which a large number of people were present. The halls and parlors were decorated with evergreens and flowers. The toilette of some of the ladies were very fine, and the faces of all present betokened enjoyment. A great many of those present enjoyed for the first time a look through the big spy glass in the tower, which was directed toward the planet Jupiter and his four moons. An abundance of ice cream and other things pleasing to the palate was furnished. The company was entertained in the above manner and in social converse until a late hour.

THE ALUMNI.

The annual meeting of the Alumni Association was held in the Law College, No. 87 Clark street, at 11 a.m. Thursday.

This association now numbers 175 members, including graduates since 1842, and ten added at this meeting. The President, W. F. Peck, read the class of '66, presided at the meeting; and Mr. J. G. Davi- son, a resident of the city, and a member of the class of '72, was Secretary. Among other business was the appointing of a committee to draw up a suitable memorial of respect and gratitude to be presented to Pres. Abercromby and the outgoing Chancellor of the University, Dr. Burrowes.

It was moved and carried that the Volante publish once a year the names of the Alumni, together with their residence. The officers elected were as follows: President, F. W. Peck; Vice-President, Edwin Olson, 72; Secretary, J. G. Davidson, 72; Treasurer, A. J. Fisher, 75; Toast Master, H. A. Gardner, '68; Orator, J. T. Sunderland, '68; Essayist, E. G. Ingham; Poet, C. R. Henderson, '70; Esq. Com., S. E. Powers, '71, G. R. Calkins, '71, A. C. Parker, '76.

ADDRESSES TO THE STUDENTS.

On Wednesday evening the annual address before the Athenaeum and Tri-Kappa Societies was delivered at Fairwell Hall, by Judge Thomas M. Cooley, of Ann Arbor, Mich. "The Demands of Patriotism on the American Scholar" formed the subject of the address. It was a treat, as the honored name of Judge Cooley seemed to it would be. No one can listen to such an address without higher aspirations, and a better purpose in life.

The Baccalaureate sermon was preached at the Second Baptist Church, Sunday, June 26th, by Dr. Gulsbe, of Boston. As an instance of the man's powers he quoted this: "It is the business of the face to look, that of the ear to hear, that of the eye to see, that of the nose to smell, and that of the tongue to taste, but the business of the brain is to reason."

The Silver Ball.

HERALD FOR THE COLLEGE CHAMPIONS!

Once more we have witnessed victory out of the jaws of defeat, and the coveted prize is ours for the third time. Racing gave us a hard race and came near carrying the silver ball home with them, but fortune again decided against them. The game was played Monday afternoon, June 28th, and was a close one. The runners and grounds were all that could be desired, although it had rained heavily all the forenoon. We have space only to give a general sketch of the game. Tom Moore was chosen Umpire, and his close and just rulings gave entire satisfaction.

The first part of the game was very poorly played, although the spectators were not so much annoyed by that as by the bold braying of a jackass near the scorer's table, who made the gentlemanly Racine players blush at his disgraceful conduct. They succeeded in silencing him, after a while, much to their credit. The opening innings were characterized by heavy batting and miserable fielding on both sides. An expression of deep disgust crept over the faces of the Chicagoans when, at the end of the fourth inning, they stood four to their opponents' eight. After this, however, they settled down to work. Anthony obtained greater control over the ball and put it through in a style that completely baffled the basemen, while Racine caught the whizzing balls in regular professional style. Moore, of the Racine unfortunate, was struck in the face by a ball while catching and ran out to the fence where he had to retire. His place was tolerably filled by King, but the change lost the game for Racine, as passed balls at critical points gave several runs to our nine. In the sixth they added one and in the seventh two runs, leaving them still one to tie the game. This was made in the ninth, amidst the enthusiastic applause of the crowd. Sharp, cool work in the field prevented the Racines from tallying, Koombs and King on the main, playing beautifully behind the bat. In the tenth, each side made a run, the Racines getting in a man on a wild pitch by Anthony. The eleventh and last inning put an end to the terrible suspense and one of the prettiest games ever played on the ground.

A run by each side and a blank for the visitors left the score ten to nine, in favor of Chicago.

The game was won on its merits, and the Racines acknowledged themselves fairly beaten. The umpiring was satisfactory to both sides. Further particulars of this interesting game may be learned from the appended score:

Chicago vs. Racine, June 17, 1877.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>University</th>
<th>K. E. D. A.</th>
<th>Racee</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Gardner, M.</td>
<td>3 1 1 1</td>
<td>3 1 1 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F. Lansing, t.</td>
<td>2 1 3 1</td>
<td>2 1 3 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hancoke, t.</td>
<td>2 2 4 0</td>
<td>2 2 4 0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lloyd, t.</td>
<td>2 3 1</td>
<td>2 3 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>L. Lansing, t.</td>
<td>2 2 1</td>
<td>1 2 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dear, f.</td>
<td>2 0 0</td>
<td>2 0 0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Anthony, p.</td>
<td>1 3 5 17</td>
<td>1 3 5 17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Koombs, c.</td>
<td>0 0 0 6</td>
<td>0 0 0 6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>King, c.</td>
<td>1 1 2 3</td>
<td>1 1 2 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Black, b.</td>
<td>1 1 0</td>
<td>1 1 0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total.</td>
<td>10 20 27 42</td>
<td>10 20 27 42</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Chicago... 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0
Racine... 3 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

Two ball, Chicago, 9; Racine, 13. Time of game, 3 hours. Umpire, Tom Moore.

Of the other games we have little to say. The game at Racine, May 26th, was hotly contested, and tolerably well played by both sides. On June 1st the nine was decided definitely on the bases; on June 7th the game was decided in the seventh inning. Chicago played on University field, and Racine on Lake Park. The game was well played.

The University nine for "bringing him out."
Sickly keen now telling that leaken collector to "Come around again to-morrow."

"Say, Mr. Y., sing fiddleto."

"Can't, left my fiddleto teeth at home."

Good even if old.

One of the junior editors recently elected is said to have a fly-wing pen; in fact, it is a whole brook in itself.

The Philbrook boys are out to make us a visit and see the Senators slide out.

Some of the students have been picnicking to dispel as much as possible the dread they have of a coming examination.

We saw a freshman crying, and asked him what the mater was. He said "it was because there were only seven nights a week to go to parties in."

Inquiring freshman asks a younger whose brother graduates at Rochester: "Is your brother an alumnum?"

"No, he's a D. K. E."

We learn by infallible proof that a coming freshman, while in his own study room, at a quarter past nine o'clock on the evening of June 23d, actually winked.

Several of the students are trying the experiment of being book-buddies. One says it has been the means of destroying his appetite for books, another says it don't take away his appetite, he's hungry all the time.

Our type setters turned Mephistophiles into Mephistopoles, in our last issue. They ought to have known better, but then they are very pious, and don't like to mention the aforesaid gent's name twice in one sentence.

The class in Botany has been doing excellent work this term. Prof. Bustin adopts the marking system, and the recitations have been made in writing. The system of recitation which he follows, together with his thorough knowledge of the subject, has made him very successful as an instructor.

Owing to the hard times, it has cost quite an effort on the part of the publishers to make the Volante sustain itself financially during the present year. A good many subscriptions are still unpaid. Will our subscribers who have not yet paid please assist us by sending the money at once?

The class of '70 have been honored in having one of their number, Mr. Sutherland, called to act as Assistant Teacher in the Academical Institute of Beaver Dam, Wis. If Mr. Sutherland sees fit to accept the invitation, we shall regret losing him from our own University, but will congratulate those who enjoy his services as a teacher.

Dr. Dexter has presented to the University his extensive and valuable collection of plaster casts, anatomical charts, skeletons, stuffed birds, etc. This will be a valuable aid in increasing the success of the Science College. Besides winning a leading position in the medical profession of Chicago, Dr. Dexter has found time to make a fine collection of subjects of scientific interest. Mr. W. H. Thompson, whose name our students so often pronounce with pleasure, has made another contribution of value to the library, and Mr. C. H. Roney has contributed several hundred specimens of fish from the Yellowstone Valley.

The imposing appearance of our University causes strange to make odd mistakes occasionally. With the observatory, tower and dome in the rear, and the high tower in front, it assumes a form and purpose according to the fancy of the observer. Last fall a Junior, while taking a stroll near the campus, was asked by an inquisitive looking stranger: "What building is that?"

"That, sir," replied our worthy J. promptly, "is the University of Chicago."

"Ah! Beg your pardon," he continued, "I thought it was a gas factory."

A few days ago another Junior was accosted by a man coming up one of the walks who wanted to know if that building was the new works. Perhaps the government building will come next.

At a meeting of the Board of Trustees, June 29th, some changes were made in the arrangements for teaching next year. A new professor in German, who shall be a man of learning with pleasure, is elected to the chair of Modern Languages. We, like Professor Olson, and we know he will fill his position with complete success, and to the joy of satisfaction of all students under his charge. Mr. Edward S. Bustin, who, like Professor Olson, has been an instructor in Greek, is appointed to the chair of Botany.

Prof. Bustin is enthusiastic in his pursuit of the study, correspondingly successful and thoroughly equipped with an herbarium, a very fine microscope, and everything necessary to make the Volante desires to congratulate the gentleman on the new title.

Prof. John C. Freeman leaves the Latin chair to take the chair of Rhetoric, English Literature and History. Prof. Edward W. Minns, who has been an associate professor, is elected to the chair of the Latin Language and Literature. These changes will make no immediate difference in the work as laid out for next year.

Sundry Sophomores, coming Juniors, having an insatiable longing to display their classic lore, have strained themselves to an extent hitherto unparalleled in college life, to the establishment of an enterprise in which the imbibe minds of the class high never presumed to engage. The enormous undertaking, the gigantic enterprise, to which we refer is the publishing of mock schemes which were profusely distributed at the Junior exhibition.
CLIPPINGS.

The following dialogue was overheard the other day: He
—"Araminta, ja t'adors?" She—"Shut it yourself.

"The man who has the moral courage to keep a bad
put to himself is a greater hero than Napoleon Bonaparte." —Frohman Bible.

For the benefit of some of our enthusiastic chemistry
students, we have cut out the following clippings to show
the interest that is taken in this study in other colleges:

Tutor (to Junior commencing the study of chemistry):
—What is Air? Junior: Air is the element that sur-
rounds us. —Boas.

Instructor: "What very explosive compound do we
obtain by the union of Nitrogen and Liodine?" Student:
—I think it must be Chlorine Iodide." —Barkley.

Scene in chemistry class: Lady visitors present.—An
explosion from the contact of Phosphorus with Bromine—
explosion unconsciously echoed by young lady. Prof.
—Mr. M., what was the effect of my dropping Phosphorus
into the Bromine?" Mr. M., knowingly: "It made the
girls squall." —Deanon Collegian.

Professor in Chemistry: "There are several steps to
be taken in finding the exact chemical composition of bone.
For example,—when you boil it, what is given off?" Studen-
t: "Soup." —Er.

Scene, Chemistry room. Prof.: "Mr. T., did you un-
derstand the question?" Mr. T.: "Yes, sir. I under
stood the question, but I don't understand the answer." —
College Herald.

Chemistry is a very important study! One of the
Seniors worked about an hour with tests to discover
the nature of a liquid in his test tube and found that it was
water. —Dartmouth.

Prof. Ira Remsen publishes the results of investigations in
the oxidation of nystatin sulphonie acid; he treats also of
phosphorusbenzenesulphonie and of isomeric mononitrato-
benzenesulphonie acids. —Er.

Scene—reception-room in natural history. Instructor.—Mr.
X, have you ever put your head down on one breast and listened
to the heart-beats, as Huxley describes them?" Mr. X.—(Bash-
fully) —"Yes, sir." Class wings up. —Harvard Advocate.

Senior to Freshman, as they stroll along the street at midnight:
—How wonderful are the heavens! Only think, it takes thou-
thands of years for the light from some of those dim stars to reach
us. —Philosophic Freshman.—Yes, but I say, suppose a ray
of light has just started from one of those stars, and, after it has trav-
elled 1,000,000 years to reach the earth, suppose the earth to be sud-
denly annihilated; what a terrible disappointment it must be to
the men after the light had set out, but no star, but only a hole in the
earth at the end of these 1,000 years, —how unsatisfactory that
would be!" —Upper class Senior. —Talk Read.

Sophomore after Junior Ex., to his chum:—Mr. Smith,
grocery store invited me to go and drink Jones—and, you
see, the weather was dry, and it was very sloppy.—So I
said I didn't mind punching one drink—and it's queer how my
head went into the punk through it! The way home was so
dizzy that I slipped upon a little dog —the corner of the
street hit me, and a mockup with copped ears and a
collar on his neck, said he belonged to the dog—and was
you understand—that is—I don't know nothing about
it. —Overell Era.

A western editor, who thinks the wages demanded by
compositors are impostures, has discharged his hands, and
friends doing his own type-setting in future. He says:
—"oXiasG To the eXhbitant Walls d Eum Nkws by the Bakers
we have Concluded do do onluy one type setting in the future; and at the time we shovl
ought to Earned the Business see oO No1 we1 lux qnot misrayer in the tax."
Chicago Homoeopathic College,
Cor. Michigan Ave & Van Buren St.,
CHICAGO, ILL.

The regular Winter Session opens Wednesday, Oct. 3rd, 1877, and continues twenty-two weeks. The College building is commodious, well lighted and centrally located. The Trustees desire to call the attention of college educated men and others to the permanent establishment of this school, with two objects in view, viz.: 1. Thorough instruction in Theory and Practice of Medicine and Surgery. 2. Raising the Standard of Medical Education.

To attain these ends the College has the following means: 1. A term of instruction of full length. 2. Better and larger clinical facilities than any other Homoeopathic College in the West; and 3. A full corps of teachers of experience, each professor representing a department to which he has devoted special study.

FACULTY

Dr. E. S. Shapman, A.M., M.D., Emeritus Prof. of Maternity Medicine.
Dr. P. G. Guchell, A.M., M.D., Emeritus Prof. of Physiology and Hygiene.
Dr. H. W. Welch, A.M., M.D., Emeritus Prof. of Chemistry and Toxicology.
Dr. Leonard Platt, M.D., Emeritus Prof. of Special Pathology and Diagnosis.
Dr. J. S. Mitchell, A.M., M.D., Prof. of Clinical Medicine and Diseases of the Thorax and Chest.
Dr. Albert G. Beers, A.M., M.D., Chas. Adams, M.D., Prof. of Principles and Practice of Surgery and Clinical Surgery.
Dr. Willis Danforth, M.D., Prof. of Gynaecological Surgery.
Dr. John W. Steventon, M.D., Prof. of Diseases of Women and Children.
Dr. R. N. Foster, A.M., M.D., Prof. of Obstetrics.
Dr. W. H. Woodworth, M.D., Prof. of Pathology and Anatomy.
Dr. E. M. Hills, A.M., W. V. Woodward, M.D., Prof. of Anatomy.
Dr. R. L. Delamater, M.D., Special Lecturer on Electro-Therapeutics and Prognosis.

Parties desiring circulars containing full information as to terms, etc., etc., are requested to address, CHAS. ADAMS, M.D., Sec'y.

W. W. B. JONES.

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CHICAGO CLOTHING HOUSE.

Spring Stock Complete—The Best Assortment of Ready-Made Clothing West of New York.
The manufacture of the finest line of goods into Ready-Made Clothing has this season claimed our special attention. Very great care has been taken in the selection of desirable patterns, and, as the result, we feel confident that we have the largest and best assortment of Clothing in the northwest for Men, Youths, Boys and Children. Also:

A FULL LINE OF FURNISHING GOODS,
And a superb display of SPRING OVERCOATS FROM SB UPWARD.
All the goods we sell are our own make. We warrant every article, and if not satisfactory, money will be refunded. Ten per cent. discount to the clergy and to students. The largest retail clothiers in the Northwest.

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BAPTIST UNION THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY,
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The next Term will commence on Thursday, Sept. 13th, 1877, and continue until the second Thursday in May.

THE FACULTY.

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REV. JAMES R. BOISE, Ph. D., LL. D.,
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REV. GALUSHA ANDERSON, D. D.,
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REV. J. A. EDGREN, B. D.,
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Professor of Homiletics and History of Doctrines, and Librarian.
Professor of New Testament Interpretation.
Professor of Oriental Languages and Literature.
Lecturer on Church Polity and Pastoral Duties.
Lecturer on Modern Church History.
Professor in Scandinavian Department.

THE COURSES OF STUDY.

THE REGULAR COURSE occupies three years, is designed for college graduates and those of equivalent attainments, and entitles those who complete it to the degree of Bachelor of Divinity (B. D.)

A SPECIAL COURSE, also occupying three years, has been arranged for those who are not prepared to pursue Hebrew and Greek Exegesis. Instruction is given in Systematic Theology, Homiletics, Church History, Pastoral Duties, the Study of the English Scriptures, and in Mental and Moral Philosophy, Logic, Rhetoric and Eloquence. A diploma is given to those who complete this course.

POST GRADUATE AND ELECTIVE STUDIES.

Every possible facility will be offered to graduates and others who wish to continue their studies, or pursue special lines of investigation in Theology, using Latin, Greek, or German authors; in old or New Testament Exegesis; in the study of Chaldee, Syriac, Arabic and German; in Philosophy and in Homiletics.

SPECIAL COURSE OF LECTURES.

Arrangements have been made by which a series of twenty lectures will be given during the year, as follows: (Two lectures each.)

1.—G. W. GARDNER, D. D., Cleveland, Ohio.
   "Some Living Questions connected with Christian Missions."
2.—J. A. SMITH, D. D., Chicago.
   "Calvinism in Modern Thought and Life."
3.—Rev. D. H. COOLEY, Canton.
   "Long Pastorates."
4.—J. M. GREGORY, LL. D., Champaign.
   "Social Science."
5.—D. B. CHENEY, D. D., Chicago.
   "Developing Church Benevolence."
6.—LEMUEL MOSS, D. D., Bloomington, Indiana.
   "The Doctrine of Inference."
7.—Rev. T. W. GOODspeed, Chicago.
   "Public Spirit in the Ministry."
8.—WARREN RANDOLPH, D. D., Indianapolis, Indiana.
   "Sunday Schools and Christian Pastors."
9.—W. W. EVERTS, D. D., Chicago.
   "The Divergencies of Romanism and Protestantism."
10.—GALUSHA ANDERSON, D. D., Chicago.
   "The Preaching of Christ and the Preaching of Chrysostom."

EXPENSES.

Tuition and room rent are free. Board, $2.30 to $2.80 per week. Lights and fuel about $20 per year; contingent expenses, $5. A number of students pay their expenses by manual labor of some kind, and others by supplying churches on the Sabbath, or in missionary work.

BENEFICIARY AID.

Students may receive aid from the Northwestern Baptist Education Society.

THE NEW BUILDING

Is admirably arranged, and well lighted and ventilated. The rooms are large, cheerful, and will be completely furnished. It contains Dining Room, Kitchen, Laundry, Gymnasium, Chapel Library, Lecture Rooms, Reading Room, Studies and Dormitories, and will furnish a delightful home. It stands on an elevation overlooking the country for miles around.

MORGAN PARK

Is eight miles south of the limits of the city, on the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific railroad, forty-five minutes ride from the center of the city. There are several trains a day each way. Students will find tickets for sale at the "Standard" Office, corner of Randolph and Dearborn streets. It has the retirement and healthfulness of a country location, and the advantages of a large city. There are over twenty Baptist churches in the city. Students have every desirable facility for earnest Christian labor in a great variety of fields. They are brought into frequent association with many of the most successful workers, both laymen and ministers, in Sabbath-schools, in churches and in missionary enterprises. Students also have frequent opportunities for supplying churches and mission stations, either temporarily or regularly, in the city and surrounding towns, at a reasonable compensation. They thus learn from practical life and experience much which they cannot learn from books. No location in the country can furnish better opportunities in this respect.

G. W. NORTHRUP, President,
Baptist Union Theological Seminary, Chicago, Ill.
The Most Daring Highway Robbery on Record.

A Rare Morsel of Scandal for Chicago Society.

The Discovery of an Aristocratic Diamond Thief.

Lynch Law in New Mexico—The Criminal Calendar.

SPECIAL Dispatch to the Globe-Democrat.
CHICAGO, Ill., July 6.—The boldest and most desperate robbery ever perpetrated in Chicago occurred this after- noon about 3 o'clock. At 3:30 the cashier of the Illinois Central Railroad Company was shot with a package of $1,000 in bills, and after wrapping it up in a couple of newspapers, entrusted it to the care of a young man named Harry S. Jones and Carl Wilson, to convey it to the Merchants' Loan and Trust Company's Bank, at the corner of Dearborn and Washington streets. Hanson carried the money under his arm, and was accompanied by his two men, both of whom were described as being about sixty years of age. The young men were coming west on the north side of Washington street, and had just reached the intersection of Wells and Michigan avenues when they saw two men coming toward them. They tried to escape, but the robbers fired at them and shot one of the men. There was nothing suspicious about them to attract notice. They had come to the street, where they had followed Hanson and his men, waiting for the proper time to strike. Suddenly, and with- out a word of warning, the men gathered, and taken back to the General Office of the Illinois Central Railroad Company, and then on to the Central Station in company with Mr. Schaefer, a book-keeper of the Illi- nois Central Railroad Company, and cashed the money. 

Harry was so badly burned that he could hardly speak. His eyes were on fire, and his hands and face were blackened, and his clothes covered with red pepper. Wilson was not quite so badly off, and told his story very distinctly, and said that one of the men was short, the other quite tall. The latter had a black mustache and wore a brown necktie. He gave no description of the men, as he was nearly blinded by the pepper. From others of the victims, the robbers were after getting away from Wilson.

SHOOTING "STOP THIEF!"

They did not offer much resistance, for being par- tially blinded by the pepper, Wilson quickly lost sight of them in the alley. Hanson was helped to the ground, where he lay until the money had been gathered, and taken back to the General Office of the Illinois Central Railroad Company, and then on to the Central Station in company with Mr. Schaefer, a book-keeper of the Illi- nois Central Railroad Company, and cashed the money. 

The boys were not shot at the station, but rather shot at the rear of Station Street. As soon as a report of the robbery was received at the Central Station, the police officers went and thoroughly searched the station, and every sub-station tele- to look for the men. About 2 o'clock this morning, a youth was taken from the rear of State street, where it had been left. It was at about 3 o'clock when the Harris Street Station. It was reported shortly afterward that the two men had been seen going west over the Twelfth Street Bridge and hurrying toward the Twelfth Street Bridge. The Assistant Superintendent of the Illinois Central Railroad announced that he would give a reward of $500 to any person who should bring in the robbers. The young man who carried the $1,000 is a light-colored man about thirty years of age, but he has not been traced in the city. The city is being thoroughly searched by detectives, up to this date.

"A SLICK TRICK."
Harrington, and an essay by Miss May Bewick, on the variety of birds and flowers which the graduates acquired themselves handsomely. Her essay, which was written in the spirit of an oration on the development of race, is an able production.

**OUR LES DAMES**

Kate Field is hard at work on a new comedy. The play is entitled "Les Damas," and is still in favor. This spring for ladies and children.

Mourning hats will be worn for summer with white ribbons and white flowers. The altar is in yard in length hanging down to the shoulder.

Couture, the dressmaker, has been hired by Sorel, the fashion expert, to design clothes for young ladies, to teach them how to row.

Slippers are more fashionable for house wear than sandals. They are trimmed with satin, with pearl with crystal buckles.

MAUVE-COLOR is much in favor this season. It is, as much in favor as a color as not becoming our delicate-complexioned ladies. The same thing, however, as colors are many.

All under-sorts for summer wear are made short. Flannel skirts are quite scanty and are emblazoned with the names of famous authors. Crepe lies ligerene is more worn this summer than ever, and nothing is more becoming than an old-time lace collar or too many flowers.

Many of the prettiest summer silks are trimmed only with the plainest of hoops on the drapery and left quite plain. It is the fashion to have the stems show in the bouquet worn in the waist. The new holds are ornamented with fans of Nina Polio, and sleeves trimmed with lace and flowers.

Color in flowers is more pronounced, and in colors are caught into a little nuff in the center, held by a cluster of flowers, and worn either in the throat or on the arm.

Short veils at the back of the head are preferred by American bridesmaids to the bonnets almost at a discount. They are made of white or light blue English ladies who appear in the same capacity.

Half sitting secuities of black, grey, and evening gowns and dresses are becoming quite common. Not finished with piping cord in the same, stitched edges and not made of heavy material, it is

Colored collar falls on the shoulders, and so worn that the point only reaches to the waist in the back. The ends are cut off.

DEMI TRAINS are far more suitable for summer dresses than very long ones, and even the模式短裙, so you can exhausted are trimmed with them. The walking sticks are quite short.

MAUVE is a trying color to many complexion. Black and blue now are the color of the day, and the same with them. They are used in traveling and are trimmed with them. The walking sticks are quite short.

Very dressy shoes are of white satin, with lace band, and the flowers are of pearl and gold, worn with bridal costumes. Slippers still have many straps in the cone, sometimes having small bows on the top, while others are made of satin.

A TRENCHET model for a lawn tennis dress is made of white cashmere, knitted half way up and trimmed with lace edging and a row of buttons and caps of the same, and a round base satin hat, with a silver or pearl passed through.

Very dressy shoes of white satin are quite fashionable. They are laced up instead of buttoned. This allows the wrist and arm of the gloves to be fitted to almost any figure, and gives a much more graceful arrangement for looking without the use of eyelash lashes.

A FLOWER GIRL Brigade has been started in London by the Baroness Burdett-Coutts and others, with the intention of enabling the flower-sellers to earn more by teaching them how to arrange their wares and securing wages for such work.

The Greek fashion of wearing bracelets and rings is much in favor. These are laced up instead of buttoned. This allows the wrist and arm of the gloves to be fitted to almost any figure, and gives a much more graceful arrangement for looking without the use of eyelash lashes.

The grateful swan of popular draperies has been set for both colored and house dresses made of burlap and muslin. These are quite simple and are made of burlap and muslin. These are quite simple and are made of burlap and muslin. These are quite simple and are made of burlap and muslin. These are quite simple and are made of burlap and muslin. These are quite simple and are made of burlap and muslin. These are quite simple and are made of burlap and muslin. These are quite simple and are made of burlap and muslin. These are quite simple and are made of burlap and muslin.