

University of Chicago Library

Guide to the Reuben T. Durrett Collection of Christopher Columbus Graham Papers 1860-1878



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Descriptive Summary

Identifier	ICU.SPCL.GRAHAMCC
Title	Durrett, Reuben T. Collection. Christopher Columbus Graham Papers
Date	1860-1878
Size	0.5 linear feet (1 box)
Repository	Special Collections Research Center University of Chicago Library 1100 East 57th Street Chicago, Illinois 60637 U.S.A.
Abstract	Reuben Thomas Durrett (1824-1913), lawyer, manuscript and book collector, and Kentucky historian. This collection contains the papers of Christopher Columbus Graham (1784-1885), a Kentucky physician, surveyor, and author. The collection contains materials connected to his centennial birthday celebration and a small amount of correspondence pertaining to his military, civic, and scientific activities between 1860 and 1878.

Information on Use

Access

The collection is open to research.

Citation

When quoting material from this collection, the preferred citation is: Durrett, Reuben T. Collection. Christopher Columbus Graham Papers, [Box #, Folder #], Special Collections Research Center, University of Chicago Library.

Acquisition Information

The existence of the Durrett library first came to the attention of the University of Chicago through William E. Dodd, a professor of American history at the University who had consulted the library as a student. Like other faculty members of the Division of the Social Sciences early in the century, Dodd was concerned about the University's lack of extensive research materials for history and related subjects, and since he was aware of Durrett's advanced age, he persuaded A. C. McLaughlin, also of the history department, to accompany him to Louisville in June, 1910, to see the collection and to make discreet inquiries about plans for its disposition. The two found Durrett himself uncertain about his plans, but learned that the Durrett family opposed making a donation of the collection, and that they were in communication with Princeton University and the University of Illinois about selling the library.

Dodd himself was very enthusiastic about the research potential which Durrett's library represented, and won the support of many of his colleagues on the social science faculties in his efforts to persuade President Judson to consider the purchase by the University of the entire library, numbering some 30,000 volumes. Convinced that the collection would be a valuable addition to the University's holdings, but wary of the expense involved, Judson agreed cautiously to investigate the idea. Although Dodd and his colleagues were anxious to conclude the agreement quickly, fearing competition from other would-be purchasers or the dispersal of the collection upon Durrett's apparently imminent death, the task of deciding upon a fair offer was made difficult by the fact that the collection had never been adequately catalogued.

Durrett's own suggestion made in December, 1912 of \$45,000 seemed high, so in February 1913, the University engaged Walter Lichtenstein, a Northwestern University librarian who had previously acted as purchasing agent for the University of Chicago libraries, to assess the value of the Durrett collection. Lichtenstein's report was submitted to President Judson on February 21, 1913, following a trip to Louisville to sample the collection.

The assessment, made on terms of commercial market value rather than scholarly significance, divided Durrett's library into four parts. Some 20,000 bound volumes (including 500 volumes of Kentuckiana) he estimated at \$7,200. Two hundred fifty file folders of pamphlet material had no apparent commercial value. Numerous manuscripts and newspapers were difficult to assess but Lichtenstein thought they could be fairly purchased for \$15,000. A collection of maps was estimated to have a value around \$50. Lichtenstein's estimate, therefore, totaled \$22,000-\$22,500, considerably less than Durrett's own. When the University authorized Lichtenstein to make this offer to the Durrett family, however, they accepted it, apparently favoring Chicago as the repository of their collection. The purchase sum, which was too high to be taken from the University's ordinary budget, was raised among outside donors, and under Lichtenstein's supervision, the library was dismantled and shipped to Chicago by early May. It filled 287 large packing crates. Its arrival provoked considerable comment in the Louisville and Chicago press, and almost immediately the University began to receive research inquiries from scholars and requests from several libraries for copies of some of the Durrett material to add to their own collections.

In his report Lichtenstein had warned President Judson that considerable effort and expense would be required to process the collection once it was at the University. His warning proved to be justified. Aside from the massive undertaking of unpacking, sorting, and cataloguing the collection, much of the material was found to be in poor condition, requiring cleaning, repair, and binding or rebinding. To facilitate the efficient processing of the Durrett acquisition, the entire operation was assigned to Edward A. Henry of the library staff, who, with the help of his assistants, was to devote most of his attention to the Durrett project for some seven years. It was decided that duplicates should be disposed of, that a number of Filson Club possessions in Durrett's library should be returned to the Club, and that most of the non-manuscript material in the collection would be distributed according to subject matter among the University's various departmental libraries. On several occasions between 1913 and 1937, items of an official character were returned to Kentucky upon request, including records of Jefferson County, journals of Kentucky constitutional conventions, and certain manuscripts and photographs of the Filson Club identified by the club's president, R. C. Ballard Thurston. Most of Henry's

time seems to have been devoted to preparing the material for this dispersal. His assignment was expanded in 1914 when the University purchased a collection totaling 436 volumes of Kentucky newspapers and miscellaneous books from Mrs. Joel R. Lyle, sister of Robert C. Boggs of Lexington, Kentucky. It was deemed appropriate to merge the Boggs-Lyle acquisition with the Durrett, and the two were processed together.

By the end of the 1915-16 academic year, about 9,000 of the Durrett and Boggs-Lyle volumes had been processed and distributed to the departmental libraries. It was then that Henry and his staff turned some of their attention to the manuscripts--that is, to the material comprising the Durrett Collection as described in this guide. At that time the Durrett manuscripts were apparently divided into four large groups--the Joel Tanner Hart Papers, the Joshua Lacy Wilson Papers, miscellaneous manuscripts, and miscellaneous separately bound items--either mounted in scrapbooks or bound together. A card catalog was compiled for at least the first three of these groups.

The Durrett Collection remained in this state until the mid-1950s. By then it had been incorporated within the holdings of the Department of Special Collections (1951), and it became clear that reorganization of the manuscripts was necessary. Paul Angle, a member of the staff of the Chicago Historical Society, who had surveyed the University of Chicago's manuscript collection as a consultant in 1944, had pointed out that the Durrett miscellaneous bound manuscripts in particular were of little use to scholars as they were then arranged and described. Moreover, the Special Collections staff had observed that the mountings and bindings done by Henry's staff were detrimental to the lives of the manuscripts, and that the existing catalog and descriptions provided inadequate access to the documents. The manuscripts, therefore, were removed from their bindings and divided into smaller and more coherent sub-collections.

In the 1970s, an effort was undertaken to edit the 1956 guide, to enhance the descriptions of the Durrett codices for greater detail and accuracy, and to differentiate between transcripts and original manuscript material bound together in the codices. Manuscript material also received conservation treatment. In 1983, another attempt was made to write a comprehensive guide to the entire collection. This guide remained in use until 2015. The current guide was completed in 2016.

Biographical Note

Christopher Columbus Graham was born in 1784, near Danville, Kentucky. His father, James, was an early explorer with the "Long Hunters", a group of pioneers who organized extended expeditions into the wilderness from the Virginia frontier. Prior to the War of 1812, he owned a silversmith business in Springfield, Kentucky. He served as a captain in the War of 1812 and continued his military career during the Mexican War of Independence.

He graduated from Transylvania University with a degree in medicine. After serving as a surgeon on Colonel Gray's expedition to survey land for the Southern, Atlantic, and Pacific Railroad, he purchased and ran "Graham Springs", a health resort near Harrodsburg, Kentucky.

During his life he was devoted to the collection of items to preserve the natural history of Kentucky and spent the latter years of his life gathering specimens for the Louisville Museum. Graham was widely known as a physician, hunter, explorer, surveyor, and author.

His centennial birthday was celebrated with a grand banquet at the Louisville Hotel. He died on February 3, 1785.

Scope Note

The collection contains invitations and a list of attendees for the centennial birthday of Christopher Columbus Graham. There is a limited amount of correspondence concerning Kentucky history and geology, the public library of Kentucky, and the Kentucky Historical Society. Materials date between 1860 and 1878 and are arranged chronologically.

Related Resources

The following related resources are located in the Department of Special Collections:

<http://www.lib.uchicago.edu/e/spcl/>

Researchers interested in topics represented in the Durrett Collection should check the author, title, or subject headings relevant to their interests in the Library catalog for potentially useful books and pamphlets from the Durrett Library, which were dispersed among the existing departmental libraries at the time of acquisition. Some of these items have since been transferred to the Rare Books collection and to the Reuben T. Durrett Collection of Broadsides, Pamphlets, and Leaflets, in the Special Collections Research Center.

The Durrett rare book collections include works of literature, travel and description, early histories of Kentucky such as Mann Butler's, biographies, legislative acts, and other legal documents.

Examples include Henry McMurtrie's *Sketches of Louisville and Its Environs* (1819); a collection of humorous verses, *The Kentucky Miscellany*, by Thomas Johnson, Jr. (1821), one of two known copies of the fourth edition, the first known to survive; and *The Confession of Jereboam O. Beauchamp ...* (1826).

Among the newspapers are 135 titles published in Kentucky, beginning in 1788 with the *Kentucky Gazette*, the first newspaper established in the state. Other important titles include the *Mirror*, the *Palladium*, the *Guardian of Freedom*, the *Farmer's Library or Ohio Intelligencer*, and numerous campaign newspapers such as *The Patriot* and *The Spirit of '76* from 1826.

Included in the American Paper Currency Collection in the Special Collections Research Center is Durrett's collection of confederate currency, among which are many examples of notes issued by the Bank of Commonwealth of Kentucky.

Correspondence, reports, and clippings concerning the acquisition of the Reuben T. Durrett Collection for the University of Chicago are found in the University of Chicago Library Records Addenda.

In addition, the following collections contain material related in subject matter to various portions of the Durrett Collection:

Codex MS 798 Lettres de Mr. Cahusac, Américain, juge de paix à Fleurance, 1806-1836

Church History Documents Collection

Codex MS 790, Letters to Virgil David, 1828-1838

Douglas, Stephan A. Papers

English, William H. Papers

Ethno-History Collection

Lafayette Manuscripts

Lafayette-Bonaventure. Collection

Lane, Ebenezer, Family. Papers

Lewis, Fielding. Papers

Robertson, Wyndham. Papers

All Durrett sub-collections are as follows:

Durrett, Reuben T. Collection. Boggs Family. Papers

Durrett, Reuben T. Collection. Boone Family. Papers

Durrett, Reuben T. Collection. Broad sides, Broad sheets, Pamphlets, and Leaflets

Durrett, Reuben T. Collection. Christopher Columbus Graham. Papers

Durrett, Reuben T. Collection. George and William Croghan. Papers

Durrett, Reuben T. Collection. George Nicholas. Papers

Durrett, Reuben T. Collection. George Rogers Clark. Papers

Durrett, Reuben T. Collection. Government Records

Durrett, Reuben T. Collection. Edmund Lyne Estate. Records

Durrett, Reuben T. Collection. James Wilkinson. Papers

Durrett, Reuben T. Collection. Joel Tanner Hart. Papers

Durrett, Reuben T. Collection. Joshua Lacey Wilson. Papers

Durrett, Reuben T. Collection. Lewis Family. Papers

Durrett, Reuben T. Collection. Louisville, Kentucky Board of Trustees. Records

Durrett, Reuben T. Collection. Mann Butler. Papers

Durrett, Reuben T. Collection. Michael Walsh Cluskey. Papers

Durrett, Reuben T. Collection. Miscellaneous Manuscripts and Codices

Durrett, Reuben T. Collection. Portraits, Illustrations, and Cartographic Material

Durrett, Reuben T. Collection. Reuben T. Durrett. Papers

Durrett, Reuben T. Collection. Richard H. Collins. Papers

Durrett, Reuben T. Collection. Richard Jouett Menefee Collection on Matthew Harris Jouett

Durrett, Reuben T. Collection. Shelby Family. Papers

Subject Headings

- Durrett, Reuben T. (Reuben Thomas), 1824-1913
- Graham, Christopher Columbus, 1784-1885
- Frontier and pioneer life – Kentucky
- Kentucky--History--19th century

INVENTORY

Box 1

Folder 1

Graham, Christopher Columbus – List of slaves and property - circa 1860 – A.D. 1 p.

Box 1

Folder 2

Bell, Joshua F., Danville, Kentucky to Dr. C[hristopher Columbus] Graham, C[rab]
Orchard, Kentucky – Letter – August 30, 1861 – A.L.S. 1 p.

Box 1

Folder 3

Fry, Speed, Brigadier General, Camp Nelson, Kentucky to C[hristopher Columbus]
Graham – Letter – July 26, 1864 – A.L.S. 1 p.

Box 1

Folder 4

George T. Prentice, Louisville, Kentucky to C.C. Graham – Letter – May 16, 1869 –
A.L.S. 2 p.

Box 1

Folder 5

Draper, Lyman C., Madison, Wisconsin to Christopher [Columbus] Graham – Letter – October 15, 1869 – A.L.S. 4 p.

- Requests information on Captain Edward Worthington and John Bailey

Box 1

Folder 6

Draper, Lyman C., Madison, Wisconsin to Christopher [Columbus] Graham – Letter – November 18, 1869 – A.L.S. 4 p.

Box 1

Folder 7

Magoffin, B[eriah], Ha[rrrod]sburg, Kentucky to Dr. Christopher Graham – Letter – March 6, 1872 – A.L.S. 1 p.

Box 1

Folder 8

Leslie, Preston H., Governor of Kentucky – Commission – March 23, 1875 – D.S. 1 p.

- Appointing C.C. Graham Justice of the Peace for Jefferson County, Kentucky

Box 1

Folder 9

Blair, Montgomery, Washington, D.C. to C[hristopher] C[olumbus] Graham, Louisville, Kentucky – Letter – March 11, 1876 – A.L.S. 1 p.

Box 1

Folder 10

Yandell, Lunsford P, Louisville, Kentucky to C[hristopher] C[olumbus] Graham – Letter – February 26, 1880 – A.L.S. 1 p.

Box 1

Folder 11

Agassiz, A., Cambridge, Massachusetts to C[hristopher] C[olumbus] Graham, Louisville, Kentucky – Letter – January 11, 1881 – A.L.S. 1 p.

Box 1

Folder 12

Blackburn, Luke V., Frankfort, Kentucky to C[hristopher] C[olumbus] Graham, Louisville, Kentucky – Invitation to Centennial Celebration of Yorktown – September 21, 1881 – A.L.S. 2 p.

Box 1

Folder 13

Combs, Leslie, Lexington, Kentucky to C[hristopher] C[olumbus] Graham – Letter – January 12, 1882 – A.L.S. 1 p.

Box 1

Folder 14

Graham, C[hristopher] C[olumbus], Louisville, Kentucky to the Governor of Kentucky and library of the Kentucky Historical Society – Letter – October 12, 1883 – Typed L.S. 1 p.

Box 1

Folder 15

G[raham], C[hristopher] C[olumbus], Louisville, Kentucky to R[euben] T[homas] Durrett – Letters – September, 1884 – A.L.S. 3 p.

- Concerning Nationality of Ancestors and “Notice of Self” for centennial dinner

Box 1

Folder 16

G[raham], C[hristopher] C[olumbus] – Autobiographical Sketch – September, 1884 – A.D. 6 p.

Box 1

Folder 17

G[raham], C[hristopher] C[olumbus] – Statement – September, 1884 – A.D.S. 6 p.

- Concerning legitimacy of Abraham Lincoln's birth; Signed by C.C. Graham on his 100th birthday

Box 1

Folder 18

Invitation and List of Attendees for the Centennial Dinner of Christopher Columbus Graham – October 1, 1884 – A.D. 6 p.

Box 1

Folder 19

Invitation Responses to the Centennial Dinner of Christopher Columbus Graham – October 2 to October 12, 1884

Box 1

Folder 20

Graham, Christopher Columbus – Statement concerning date of birth – October 6, 1884 – A.D. 2 p.

Box 1

Folder 21

Cuaey, Ja[me]s, B. M., Frankfort, Kentucky to C[hristopher] C[olumbus] Graham – Letter – February 8, 1876 – A.L.S. 1 p.

Box 1

Folder 22

Draper, Lyman C., Madison, Wisconsin to C[hristopher] C[olumbus] Graham – Letter – February 10, 1877 – A.L.S. 2 p.

Box 1

Folder 23.

Draper, Lyman C., Madison, Wisconsin to C[hristopher] C[olumbus] Graham – Letter – February 15, 1877 – A.L.S. 4 p.

- Concerning Dr. Grahams search for mammoth remains at Big Bone Lick and sends paper on copper implements found in Wisconsin

Box 1

Folder 24

McCreary, James B., Governor of Kentucky – Commission – March 19, 1877 – D.S. 1 p.

- Appointing C[hristopher] C[olumbus] Graham a Trustee for the Public Library of Kentucky

Box 1

Folder 25

McCreary, James B., Executive Department, Frankfort, Kentucky to C[hristopher] C[olumbus] Graham, Louisville, Kentucky – Letter – February 9, 1878 – A.L.S. 1 p.

- Concerning suggestions made about the Public Library of Kentucky

Box 1

Folder 26

McCreary, James B., Executive Department, Frankfort, Kentucky to C[hristopher] C[olumbus] Graham, Louisville, Kentucky – Letter – February 21, 1878 – A.L.S. 1 p.

- Invitation to Frankfort, Kentucky for the management of the Public Library of Kentucky

Box 1**Folder 27**

Graham, Christopher Columbus, “General George Rogers Clark” – Biography – [c. 1884] – Codex Manuscript 23 p.

- Cdx78